

## SDS LIST MIXED GASES

CARBON DIOXIDE (10%-50%) In NITROGEN

AIR, COMPRESSED

CARBON DIOXIDE (2-25%) IN ARGON

ARGON/HELIUM MIXTURES

HYDROGEN (>2.9%) IN ARGON

OXYGEN (<19.5%) IN ARGON OR HELIUM OR NITROGEN

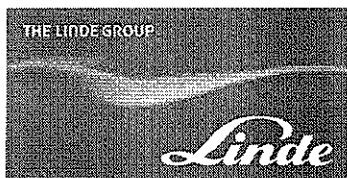
HYDROGEN (<= 5.7%) IN NITROGEN

CARBON DIOXIDE (1%-10%), NITROGEN (10%-60%) IN HELIUM

CARBON DIOXIDE(4-15%), OXYGEN (2 – 4%), IN ARGON

CARBON DIOXIDE (<12%), HELIUM (10-90%) IN ARGON





# CARBON DIOXIDE (10%-50%) in NITROGEN

## Safety Data Sheet

### 1. IDENTIFICATION

Product identifier

Product Name CARBON DIOXIDE (10%-50%) in NITROGEN

Other means of identification

Safety data sheet number LIND-M0028

UN/ID no. UN1956

Trade name Beer Gas Stout, Food Fresh 2, Food Fresh 3, Food Fresh 5, MAPAX NC20, MAPAX NC25, MAPAX NC30, MAPAX NC40, MAPAX NC50

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended Use Industrial and professional use.

Uses advised against Consumer use

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Linde Gas North America LLC - Linde Merchant Production Inc. - Linde LLC

575 Mountain Ave.

Murray Hill, NJ 07974

Phone: 908-464-8100

www.lindeus.com

Linde Gas Puerto Rico, Inc.

Road 869, Km 1.8

Barrio Palmas, Catano, PR 00962

Phone: 787-641-7445

www.pr.lindegas.com

Linde Canada Limited

5860 Chedworth Way

Mississauga, Ontario L5R 0A2

Phone: 905-501-1700

www.lindecanada.com

\* May include subsidiaries or affiliate companies/divisions.

For additional product information contact your local customer service.

Emergency telephone number

Company Phone Number 800-232-4726 (Linde National Operations Center, US)

905-501-0802 (Canada)

CHEMTREC: 1-800-424-9300 (North America) +1-703-527-3887 (International)

**2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

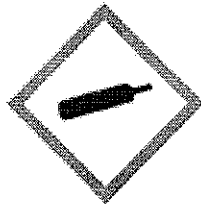
Classification

OSHA Regulatory Status

This chemical is considered hazardous by the 2012 OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

Gases under pressure	Compressed gas
Simple asphyxiants	Yes

Label elements



Signal word

Warning

Hazard Statements

Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated  
 May displace oxygen and cause rapid suffocation  
 May increase respiration and heart rate

Precautionary Statements - Prevention

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood  
 Avoid breathing gas  
 Use and store only outdoors or in a well ventilated place  
 Use a backflow preventive device in piping  
 Use only with equipment rated for cylinder pressure  
 Close valve after each use and when empty

Precautionary Statements - Response

IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Get medical attention/advice.

Precautionary Statements - Storage

Protect from sunlight when ambient temperature exceeds 52°C/125°F

Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC)

Not applicable

**3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

Chemical Name	CAS No.	Volume %	Chemical Formula
Nitrogen	7727-37-9	50-90	N <sub>2</sub>
Carbon dioxide	124-38-9	10-50	CO <sub>2</sub>

Composition covers range of mixtures that fall within the same hazard classifications.

#### 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

##### Description of first aid measures

General advice	Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.
Inhalation	Remove to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. Get medical attention immediately.
Skin contact	None under normal use. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.
Eye contact	None under normal use. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.
Ingestion	Get medical attention if symptoms occur. None under normal use.
Self-protection of the first aider	RESCUE PERSONNEL SHOULD BE EQUIPPED WITH SELF-CONTAINED BREATHING APPARATUS.

##### Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms	Simple asphyxiant. May cause suffocation by displacing the oxygen in the air. Exposure to oxygen-deficient atmosphere (<19.5%) may cause dizziness, drowsiness, nausea, vomiting, excess salivation, diminished mental alertness, loss of consciousness and death. Exposure to atmospheres containing 8-10% or less oxygen will bring about unconsciousness without warning and so quickly that the individuals cannot help or protect themselves. Lack of sufficient oxygen may cause serious injury or death. Depending on concentration and duration of exposure to carbon dioxide may cause increased respirations, headache, mild narcotic effects, increased blood pressure and pulse, and asphyxiation. Symptoms of overexposure become more apparent when atmospheric oxygen is decreased to 15-17%.
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##### Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Note to physicians	Treat symptomatically.
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#### 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

##### Suitable extinguishing media

Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.

##### Specific extinguishing methods

Continue to cool fire exposed cylinders until flames are extinguished. Damaged cylinders should be handled only by specialists.

##### Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Non-flammable gas. Cylinders may rupture under extreme heat.

##### Protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

#### 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

##### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions	Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Monitor oxygen level. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus when entering area unless atmosphere is proved to be safe.
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##### Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions Prevent spreading of vapors through sewers, ventilation systems and confined areas.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for containment Stop the flow of gas or remove cylinder to outdoor location if this can be done without risk. If leak is in container or container valve, contact the appropriate emergency telephone number in Section 1 or call your closest Linde location.

Methods for cleaning up Return cylinder to Linde or an authorized distributor.

## 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling

Protect cylinders from physical damage; do not drag, roll, slide or drop. Never attempt to lift a cylinder by its valve protection cap. When moving cylinders, even for short distance, use a cart designed to transport cylinders. Never insert an object (e.g. wrench, screwdriver, pry bar, etc.) into valve cap openings. Doing so may damage valve, causing leak to occur. Use an adjustable strap wrench to remove over-tight or rusted caps. Use only with adequate ventilation. Use a backflow preventive device in piping. Use only with equipment rated for cylinder pressure. Close valve after each use and when empty. If user experiences any difficulty operating cylinder valve discontinue use and contact supplier. Ensure the complete gas system has been checked for leaks before use.

Never put cylinders into trunks of cars or unventilated areas of passenger vehicles. Never attempt to refill a compressed gas cylinder without the owner's written consent. Never strike an arc on a compressed gas cylinder or make a cylinder a part of an electrical circuit.

Only experienced and properly instructed persons should handle gases under pressure. Always store and handle compressed gas cylinders in accordance with Compressed Gas Association, pamphlet CGA-P1, Safe Handling of Compressed Gases in Containers.

For additional recommendations consult Compressed Gas Association's (CGA) Safety Bulletin SB-2, Oxygen-Deficient Atmospheres.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage Conditions Store in cool, dry, well-ventilated area of non-combustible construction away from heavily trafficked areas and emergency exits. Keep at temperatures below 52°C / 125°F. Cylinders should be stored upright with valve protection cap in place and firmly secured to prevent falling. Full and empty cylinders should be segregated. Use a "first in-first out" inventory system to prevent full cylinders from being stored for excessive periods of time. Stored containers should be periodically checked for general condition and leakage.

Incompatible materials Carbon dioxide is incompatible with: Certain reactive metals, hydrides, moist cesium monoxide, or lithium acetylene carbide diammino may ignite. Passing carbon dioxide over a mixture of sodium peroxide and aluminum or magnesium may explode.

## 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control parameters

Exposure Guidelines

Chemical Name	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL	NIOSH IDLH
Carbon dioxide 124-38-9	STEL = 30000 ppm TWA: 5000 ppm	TWA: 5000 ppm TWA: 9000 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (vacated) TWA: 10000 ppm (vacated) TWA: 18000 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (vacated) STEL: 30000 ppm	IDLH: 40000 ppm TWA: 5000 ppm TWA: 9000 mg/m <sup>3</sup> STEL: 30000 ppm STEL: 54000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

	(vacated) STEL: 54000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
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ACGIH TLV: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists - Threshold Limit Value. OSHA PEL: Occupational Safety and Health Administration - Permissible Exposure Limits. NIOSH IDLH: Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health

Other Information Vacated limits revoked by the Court of Appeals decision in AFL-CIO v. OSHA, 965 F.2d 962 (11th Cir., 1992).

#### Appropriate engineering controls

Engineering Controls Local exhaust ventilation to prevent accumulation of high concentrations and maintain air-oxygen levels at or above 19.5%. Oxygen detectors should be used when asphyxiating gases may be released. Systems under pressure should be regularly checked for leakages.

#### Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles).

Skin and body protection Work gloves and safety shoes are recommended when handling cylinders.

Respiratory protection Use positive pressure airline respirator with escape cylinder or self contained breathing apparatus for oxygen-deficient atmospheres (<19.5%). If exposure limits are exceeded or irritation is experienced, NIOSH/MSHA approved respiratory protection should be worn. Positive-pressure supplied air respirators may be required for high airborne contaminant concentrations. Respiratory protection must be provided in accordance with current local regulations.

General Hygiene Considerations Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

## 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

### Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	Compressed gas
Appearance	Colorless.
Odor	Odorless.
Odor threshold	No information available
pH	No data available
Melting point	No data available
Evaporation rate	Not applicable
Lower flammability limit:	Not applicable
Upper flammability limit:	Not applicable
Flash point	Not applicable.
Autoignition temperature	No data available
Decomposition temperature	No data available
Partition coefficient	No data available
Kinematic viscosity	Not applicable

Chemical Name	Molecular weight	Boiling point	Vapor Pressure	Vapor density (air =1)	Gas Density kg/m <sup>3</sup> @20°C	Critical Temperature
Nitrogen	28.01	-196 °C	Above critical temperature	0.97	1.153	-146.9 °C
Carbon dioxide	44.01	-78.5 °C (Sublimes)	838 psig (5778 kPa) @ 21.1°C	1.522	1.839	31.1 °C

## 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

### Reactivity

Not reactive under normal conditions

Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

Explosion data

Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact	None.
Sensitivity to Static Discharge	None.

Possibility of Hazardous Reactions

None under normal processing.

Conditions to avoid

Due to the presence of Carbon dioxide, Carbonic acid is formed in the presence of moisture.

Incompatible materials

Carbon dioxide is incompatible with: Certain reactive metals, hydrides, moist cesium monoxide, or lithium acetylene carbide diammino may ignite. Passing carbon dioxide over a mixture of sodium peroxide and aluminum or magnesium may explode.

Hazardous Decomposition Products

None known.

**11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation	Acidosis, adrenal cortical exhaustion, and other metabolic stresses have resulted from prolonged continuous exposure to 1-2% carbon dioxide (10,000 ppm-20,000 ppm). The ACGIH TLV of 5,000 ppm is expected to provide a good margin of safety from asphyxiation and undue metabolic stress provided sufficient oxygen levels are maintained in the air. Increased physical activity, duration of exposure, and decreased oxygen content can affect systemic and respiratory effects resulting from exposure to carbon dioxide.
Skin contact	No data available.
Eye contact	No data available.
Ingestion	Not an expected route of exposure.

Information on toxicological effects

Symptoms	Simple asphyxiant. May cause suffocation by displacing the oxygen in the air. Exposure to oxygen-deficient atmosphere ( $\leq 18\%$ ) may cause dizziness, drowsiness, nausea, vomiting, excess salivation, diminished mental alertness, loss of consciousness and death. Exposure to atmospheres containing 8-10% or less oxygen will bring about unconsciousness without warning and so quickly that the individuals cannot help or protect themselves. Lack of sufficient oxygen may cause serious injury or death. Depending on concentration and duration of exposure to carbon dioxide may cause increased respirations, headache, mild narcotic effects, increased blood pressure and pulse, and asphyxiation. Symptoms of overexposure become more apparent when atmospheric oxygen is decreased to 15-17%.
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Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Irritation	Not classified.
Sensitization	Not classified.
Germ cell mutagenicity	Not classified.
Carcinogenicity	This product does not contain any carcinogens or potential carcinogens listed by OSHA, IARC or NTP.
Reproductive toxicity	Not classified.
STOT - single exposure	Not classified.
STOT - repeated exposure	Not classified.
Chronic toxicity	None known.
Target Organ Effects	Central vascular system (CVS), Respiratory system.



Aspiration hazard Not applicable.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Chemical Name	Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Inhalation LC50	Inhalation LC50 (CGA P-20)
Carbon dioxide 124-38-9	-	-	470,000 ppm (Rat)	-

Product Information

Oral LD50 No information available  
 Dermal LD50 No information available  
 Inhalation LC50 No information available

## 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

No known acute aquatic toxicity.

Persistence and degradability

Not applicable.

Bioaccumulation

No information available.

Global warming potential (GWP) 1 (Carbon Dioxide)

## 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste treatment methods

Disposal of wastes Do not attempt to dispose of residual waste or unused quantities. Return in the shipping container PROPERLY LABELED WITH ANY VALVE OUTLET PLUGS OR CAPS SECURED AND VALVE PROTECTION CAP IN PLACE to Linde for proper disposal.

## 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT

UN/ID no. UN1956  
 Proper shipping name Compressed gas, n.o.s.  
 Hazard Class 2.2  
 Description UN1956, Compressed gas, n.o.s. (Nitrogen, Carbon dioxide), 2.2  
 Emergency Response Guide Number 126

TDG

UN/ID no. UN1956  
 Proper shipping name Compressed gas, n.o.s.  
 Hazard Class 2.2  
 Description UN1956, Compressed gas, n.o.s., 2.2

MEX

UN/ID no. UN1956  
 Proper shipping name Compressed gas, n.o.s.  
 Hazard Class 2.2  
 Description UN1956, Compressed gas, n.o.s. (Nitrogen, Carbon dioxide), 2.2

IATA

UN/ID no. UN1956  
 Proper shipping name Compressed gas, n.o.s.  
 Hazard Class 2.2  
 ERG Code 2L  
 Description UN1956, Compressed gas, n.o.s. (Nitrogen, Carbon dioxide), 2.2

**IMDG**

UN/ID no. UN1956  
 Proper shipping name Compressed gas, n.o.s.  
 Hazard Class 2.2  
 EmS-No. F-C, S-V  
 Special Provisions 274  
 Description UN1956, Compressed gas, n.o.s. (Nitrogen, Carbon dioxide), 2.2

**ADR**

UN/ID no. UN1956  
 Proper shipping name Compressed gas, n.o.s.  
 Hazard Class 2.2  
 Classification code 1A  
 Tunnel restriction code (E)  
 Special Provisions 274, 655  
 Description UN1956, Compressed gas, n.o.s. (Nitrogen, Carbon dioxide), 2.2, (E)  
 Labels 2.2

**15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**

International Inventories

TSCA	Complies
DSL/NDSL	Complies
EINECS/ELINCS	Complies

Legend:

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory  
 DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List

EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances/EU List of Notified Chemical Substances

US Federal Regulations

SARA 313

Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA). This product does not contain any chemicals which are subject to the reporting requirements of the Act and Title 40 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 372.

SARA 311/312 Hazard Categories

Acute Health Hazard	No
Chronic Health Hazard	No
Fire Hazard	No
Sudden release of pressure hazard	Yes
Reactive Hazard	No

CERCLA

This material, as supplied, does not contain any substances regulated as hazardous substances under the Comprehensive Environmental Response Compensation and Liability Act (CERCLA) (40 CFR 302) or the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (SARA) (40 CFR 355). There may be specific reporting requirements at the local, regional, or state level pertaining to releases of this material.

Clean Air Act, Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) (see 40 CFR 61)

This product does not contain any substances regulated as hazardous air pollutants (HAPS) under Section 112 of the Clean Air Act Amendments of 1990.

CWA (Clean Water Act)

This product does not contain any substances regulated as pollutants pursuant to the Clean Water Act (40 CFR 122.21 and 40 CFR 122.42)

Risk and Process Safety Management Programs

This material, as supplied, does not contain any regulated substances with specified thresholds under 40 CFR Part 68. This product does not contain any substances regulated as Highly Hazardous Chemicals pursuant to the 29 CFR Part 1910.110.

US State Regulations

California Proposition 65

This product does not contain any Proposition 65 chemicals

U.S. State Right-to-Know Regulations

Chemical Name	New Jersey	Massachusetts	Pennsylvania
Nitrogen 7727-37-9	X	X	X
Carbon dioxide 124-38-9	X	X	X

Chemical Name	Carcinogenicity	Exposure Limits
Carbon dioxide	-	Mexico: TWA= 5000 ppm Mexico: TWA= 9000 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Mexico: STEL= 15000 ppm Mexico: STEL= 27000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

**16. OTHER INFORMATION**

NFPA                      Health hazards 0                      Flammability 0                      Instability 0                      Physical and Chemical Properties Simple asphyxiant

Note: Ratings were assigned in accordance with Compressed Gas Association (CGA) guidelines as published in CGA Pamphlet P-19-2009, CGA Recommended Hazard Ratings for Compressed Gases, 3rd Edition.

Issue Date                      06-May-2015  
Revision Date                      06-May-2015  
Revision Note                      Initial Release

General Disclaimer

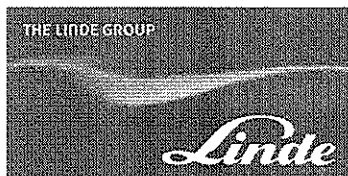
For terms and conditions, including limitation of liability, please refer to the purchase agreement in effect between Linde LLC, Linde Merchant Production, Inc. or Linde Gas North America LLC (or any of their affiliates and subsidiaries) and the purchaser.

DISCLAIMER OF EXPRESSED AND IMPLIED WARRANTIES

Although reasonable care has been taken in the preparation of this document, we extend no warranties and make no representations as to the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein, and assume no responsibility regarding the suitability of this information for the user's intended purposes or for the consequences of its use. Each individual should make a determination as to the suitability of the information for their particular purpose(s).

End of Safety Data Sheet





# AIR, COMPRESSED

## Safety Data Sheet

### 1. IDENTIFICATION

Product identifier

Product Name AIR, COMPRESSED

Other means of identification

Safety data sheet number LIND-P002

UN/ID no. UN1002

Synonyms Compressed Oxygen and Nitrogen mixture; Synthetic air; Reconstituted air; Medical air; Medical air, USP

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended Use Industrial and professional use.

Uses advised against Consumer use

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Linde Gas North America LLC - Linde Merchant Production Inc. - Linde LLC

575 Mountain Ave.

Murray Hill, NJ 07974

Phone: 908-464-8100

www.lindeus.com

Linde Gas Puerto Rico, Inc.

Road 869, Km 1.8

Barrio Palmas, Catano, PR 00962

Phone: 787-641-7445

www.pr.lindegas.com

Linde Canada Limited

5860 Chedworth Way

Mississauga, Ontario L5R 0A2

Phone: 905-501-1700

www.lindecana.com

\* May include subsidiaries or affiliate companies/divisions.

For additional product information contact your local customer service.

Emergency telephone number

Company Phone Number 800-232-4726 (Linde National Operations Center, US)

905-501-0802 (Canada)

CHEMTREC: 1-800-424-9300 (North America) +1-703-527-3887 (International)

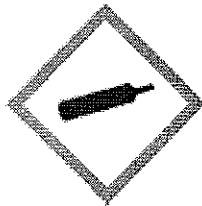
**2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**Classification

## OSHA Regulatory Status

This chemical is considered hazardous by the 2012 OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

Gases under pressure

Compressed gas

Label elements

Signal word

Warning

## Hazard Statements

Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated

## Precautionary Statements - Prevention

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood

Use backflow preventive device in piping

Use only equipment of compatible materials of construction and rated for cylinder pressure

Close valve after each use and when empty

## Precautionary Statements - Response

## Precautionary Statements - Storage

Protect from sunlight when ambient temperature exceeds 52°C/125°F

Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC)

Supports combustion

**3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

Chemical Name	CAS No.	Volume %	Chemical Formula
Air	132259-10-0	100	N/A

**4. FIRST AID MEASURES**Description of first aid measures

General advice

No information available.

Inhalation

None under normal use.

Skin contact                               None under normal use.

Eye contact                               None under normal use.

Ingestion                                 None under normal use.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms                                 No information available.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Note to physicians                       No information available.

## 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media

Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.

Specific extinguishing methods

Continue to cool fire exposed cylinders until flames are extinguished. Damaged cylinders should be handled only by specialists.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Non-flammable gas. Supports combustion. Cylinders may rupture under extreme heat.

Hazardous combustion products       Nitrogen oxides (NO<sub>x</sub>).

Protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

## 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions                    Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Contents under pressure.

Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions             No special environmental precautions required.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for containment                Stop the flow of gas or remove cylinder to outdoor location if this can be done without risk. If leak is in container or container valve, contact the appropriate emergency telephone number in Section 1 or call your closest Linde location.

Methods for cleaning up                 Return cylinder to Linde or an authorized distributor.

## 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling

Protect cylinders from physical damage; do not drag, roll, slide or drop. When moving cylinders, even for short distance, use a cart designed to transport cylinders. Never attempt to lift a cylinder by its valve protection cap. Never insert an object (e.g. wrench, screwdriver, pry bar, etc.) into valve cap openings. Doing so may damage valve, causing leak to occur. Use backflow preventive device in piping. Use an adjustable strap wrench to remove over-tight or rusted caps. Use only with adequate ventilation. Use only with equipment rated for cylinder pressure. Close valve after each use and when empty. If user experiences any difficulty operating cylinder valve discontinue use and contact supplier. Ensure the complete gas system has been checked for leaks before use.

Never put cylinders into trunks of cars or unventilated areas of passenger vehicles. Never attempt to refill a compressed gas cylinder without the owner's written consent. Never strike an arc on a compressed gas cylinder or make a cylinder a part of an electrical circuit.

Only experienced and properly instructed persons should handle gases under pressure. Always store and handle compressed gas cylinders in accordance with Compressed Gas Association, pamphlet CGA-P1, Safe Handling of Compressed Gases in Containers.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage Conditions	Store in cool, dry, well-ventilated area of non-combustible construction away from heavily trafficked areas and emergency exits. Keep at temperatures below 52°C / 125°F. Cylinders should be stored upright with valve protection cap in place and firmly secured to prevent falling. Full and empty cylinders should be segregated. Use a "first in-first out" inventory system to prevent full cylinders from being stored for excessive periods of time. Stored containers should be periodically checked for general condition and leakage.
Incompatible materials	None known.

**8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION**

Control parameters

Exposure Guidelines                      This product, as supplied, does not contain any hazardous materials with occupational exposure limits established by the region specific regulatory bodies.

Appropriate engineering controls

Engineering Controls                      None under normal use conditions.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection	Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles).
Skin and body protection	Work gloves and safety shoes are recommended when handling cylinders.
Respiratory protection	No special protective equipment required.
General Hygiene Considerations	Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

**9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Product Information Product Level Information:	
Physical state	Compressed gas
Appearance	Colorless.
Odor	Odorless.
Odor threshold	No information available
pH	No data available
Melting point	No data available



Evaporation rate	Not applicable
Flammability Limit in Air	
Lower flammability limit:	Not applicable
Upper flammability limit:	Not applicable
Flash point	No information available
Autoignition temperature	No data available
Decomposition temperature	No data available
Water solubility	Slightly soluble
Partition coefficient	No data available
Kinematic viscosity	Not applicable

Chemical Name	Molecular weight	Boiling point	Vapor Pressure	Vapor density (air =1)	Gas Density kg/m <sup>3</sup> @20°C	Critical Temperature
Air	28.975	-194.3 °C	Above critical temperature	1	1.204	-140.6 °C

## 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

### Reactivity

Not reactive under normal conditions

### Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

### Explosion data

Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact	None.
Sensitivity to Static Discharge	None.

### Possibility of Hazardous Reactions

None under normal processing.

### Conditions to avoid

None known.

### Incompatible materials

None known.

### Hazardous Decomposition Products

None known.

## 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

### Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation	No data available.
Skin contact	No data available.
Eye contact	No data available.
Ingestion	Not an expected route of exposure.

### Information on toxicological effects

Symptoms	No information available.
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### Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Irritation	Not classified.
Sensitization	Not classified.
Germ cell mutagenicity	Not classified.
Carcinogenicity	This product does not contain any carcinogens or potential carcinogens listed by OSHA, IARC or NTP.
Reproductive toxicity	Not classified.
STOT - single exposure	Not classified.
STOT - repeated exposure	Not classified.
Chronic toxicity	None known.
Aspiration hazard	Not applicable.

Numerical measures of toxicity

## Product Information

Oral LD50	No information available
Dermal LD50	No information available
Inhalation LC50	No information available

**12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**Ecotoxicity

No known acute aquatic toxicity.

Persistence and degradability

Not applicable.

Bioaccumulation

No information available.

**13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**Waste treatment methods

## Disposal of wastes

Do not attempt to dispose of residual waste or unused quantities. Return in the shipping container PROPERLY LABELED WITH ANY VALVE OUTLET PLUGS OR CAPS SECURED AND VALVE PROTECTION CAP IN PLACE to Linde for proper disposal.

**14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION**DOT

UN/ID no.	UN1002
Proper shipping name	Air, compressed
Hazard Class	2.2
Special Provisions	78
Description	UN1002, Air, compressed, 2.2
Emergency Response Guide Number	122

TDG

UN/ID no.	UN1002
Proper shipping name	Air, compressed
Hazard Class	2.2
Description	UN1002, Air, compressed, 2.2

MEX

UN/ID no.	UN1002
Proper shipping name	Air, compressed

Hazard Class	2.2
Description	UN1002, Air, compressed, 2.2

IATA

UN/ID no.	UN1002
Proper shipping name	Air, compressed
Hazard Class	2.2
ERG Code	2L
Description	UN1002, Air, compressed, 2.2

IMDG

UN/ID no.	UN1002
Proper shipping name	Air, compressed
Hazard Class	2.2
EmS-No.	F-C, S-V
Description	UN1002, Air, compressed, 2.2

ADR

UN/ID no.	UN1002
Proper shipping name	Air, compressed
Hazard Class	2.2
Classification code	1A
Tunnel restriction code	(E)
Special Provisions	655
Description	UN1002, Air, compressed, 2.2, (E)

<b>15. REGULATORY INFORMATION</b>
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International Inventories

TSCA	Complies
DSL	Complies
EINECS/ELINCS	Complies

Legend:

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory  
 DSL/NDL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List  
 EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances/European List of Notified Chemical Substances

US Federal RegulationsSARA 313

Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA). This product does not contain any chemicals which are subject to the reporting requirements of the Act and Title 40 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 372.

SARA 311/312 Hazard Categories

Acute Health Hazard	No
Chronic Health Hazard	No
Fire Hazard	No
Sudden release of pressure hazard	Yes
Reactive Hazard	No

CERCLA

This material, as supplied, does not contain any substances regulated as hazardous substances under the Comprehensive Environmental Response Compensation and Liability Act (CERCLA) (40 CFR 302) or the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (SARA) (40 CFR 355). There may be specific reporting requirements at the local, regional, or state level pertaining to releases of this material.

Clean Air Act, Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) (see 40 CFR 61)

This product does not contain any substances regulated as hazardous air pollutants (HAPS) under Section 112 of the Clean Air Act Amendments of 1990.

CWA (Clean Water Act)

This product does not contain any substances regulated as pollutants pursuant to the Clean Water Act (40 CFR 122.21 and 40 CFR 122.42)

Risk and Process Safety Management Programs

This material, as supplied, does not contain any regulated substances with specified thresholds under 40 CFR Part 68. This product does not contain any substances regulated as Highly Hazardous Chemicals pursuant to the 29 CFR Part 1910.110.

US State Regulations

California Proposition 65

This product does not contain any Proposition 65 chemicals

U.S. State Right-to-Know Regulations

Chemical Name	New Jersey	Massachusetts	Pennsylvania
Nitrogen 7727-37-9	X	X	X
Oxygen 7782-44-7	X	X	X

International Regulations

**16. OTHER INFORMATION**

NFPA                      Health hazards 0                      Flammability 0                      Instability 0                      Physical and Chemical Properties -

Note: Ratings were assigned in accordance with Compressed Gas Association (CGA) guidelines as published in CGA Pamphlet P-19-2009, CGA Recommended Hazard Ratings for Compressed Gases, 3rd Edition.

Issue Date                                      24-Feb-2015  
 Revision Date                                   24-Feb-2015  
 Revision Note                                   Not applicable.

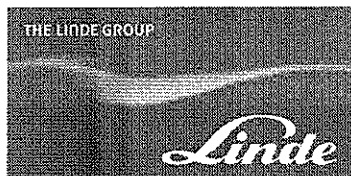
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End of Safety Data Sheet



# CARBON DIOXIDE (2-25%) In ARGON

## Safety Data Sheet

### 1. IDENTIFICATION

Product identifier

Product Name CARBON DIOXIDE (2-25%) In ARGON

Other means of identification

Safety data sheet number LIND-M0027

UN/ID no. UN1956

Trade name CORGON 5, CORGON 8, CORGON 10, CORGON 15, CORGON 18, CORGON 20, CORGON 25, CRONIGON 2.5, ARGOSHIELD 8C; ARGOSHIELD 10C; ARGOSHIELD 25C; ARGOSHIELD GP

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended Use Industrial and professional use.

Uses advised against Consumer use

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Linde Gas North America LLC - Linde Merchant Production Inc. - Linde LLC

575 Mountain Ave.

Murray Hill, NJ 07974

Phone: 908-464-8100

www.lindeus.com

Linde Gas Puerto Rico, Inc.

Road 869, Km 1.8

Barrio Palmas, Catano, PR 00962

Phone: 787-641-7445

www.pr.lindegas.com

Linde Canada Limited

5860 Chedworth Way

Mississauga, Ontario L5R 0A2

Phone: 905-501-1700

www.lindecanada.com

\* May include subsidiaries or affiliate companies/divisions.

For additional product information contact your local customer service.

Emergency telephone number

Company Phone Number 800-232-4726 (Linde National Operations Center, US)

905-501-0802 (Canada)

CHEMTREC: 1-800-424-9300 (North America) +1-703-527-3887 (International)

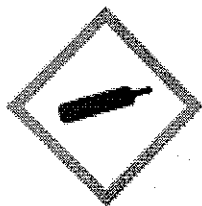
### 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification

## OSHA Regulatory Status

This chemical is considered hazardous by the 2012 OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

Gases under pressure	Compressed gas
Simple asphyxiants	Yes

Label elements

Signal word

Warning

## Hazard Statements

Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated  
May displace oxygen and cause rapid suffocation

May increase respiration and heart rate

## Precautionary Statements - Prevention

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood  
Avoid breathing gas  
Use and store only outdoors or in a well ventilated place  
Use a backflow preventive device in piping  
Use only with equipment rated for cylinder pressure  
Close valve after each use and when empty

## Precautionary Statements - Response

IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Get medical attention/advice.

## Precautionary Statements - Storage

Protect from sunlight when ambient temperature exceeds 52°C/125°F

Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC)

Not applicable

### 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical Name	CAS No.	Volume %	Chemical Formula
Argon	7440-37-1	60 - 100	Ar
Carbon dioxide	124-38-9	2-25	CO <sub>2</sub>

Composition listed covers broad ranges rather than exact percentages for specific products.

#### 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

##### Description of first aid measures

General advice	Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.
Inhalation	Remove to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. Get medical attention immediately.
Skin contact	None under normal use. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.
Eye contact	None under normal use. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.
Ingestion	Not an expected route of exposure.
Self-protection of the first aider	RESCUE PERSONNEL SHOULD BE EQUIPPED WITH SELF-CONTAINED BREATHING APPARATUS.

##### Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms	Simple asphyxiant. May cause suffocation by displacing the oxygen in the air. Exposure to oxygen-deficient atmosphere (<19.5%) may cause dizziness, drowsiness, nausea, vomiting, excess salivation, diminished mental alertness, loss of consciousness and death. Exposure to atmospheres containing 8-10% or less oxygen will bring about unconsciousness without warning and so quickly that the individuals cannot help or protect themselves. Lack of sufficient oxygen may cause serious injury or death. Depending on concentration and duration of exposure to carbon dioxide may cause increased respirations, headache, mild narcotic effects, increased blood pressure and pulse, and asphyxiation. Symptoms of overexposure become more apparent when atmospheric oxygen is decreased to 15-17%.
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##### Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Note to physicians	Treat symptomatically.
--------------------	------------------------

#### 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

##### Suitable extinguishing media

Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.

##### Specific extinguishing methods

Continue to cool fire exposed cylinders until flames are extinguished. Damaged cylinders should be handled only by specialists.

##### Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Non-flammable gas. Cylinders may rupture under extreme heat.

##### Protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

#### 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

##### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions	Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Monitor oxygen level. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus when entering area unless atmosphere is proved to be safe.
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##### Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions	Prevent spreading of vapors through sewers, ventilation systems and confined areas.
---------------------------	---

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for containment Stop the flow of gas or remove cylinder to outdoor location if this can be done without risk. If leak is in container or container valve, contact the appropriate emergency telephone number in Section 1 or call your closest Linde location.

Methods for cleaning up Return cylinder to Linde or an authorized distributor.

**7. HANDLING AND STORAGE**

Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling

Protect cylinders from physical damage; do not drag, roll, slide or drop. Never attempt to lift a cylinder by its valve protection cap. When moving cylinders, even for short distance, use a cart designed to transport cylinders. Never insert an object (e.g. wrench, screwdriver, pry bar, etc.) into valve cap openings. Doing so may damage valve, causing leak to occur. Use an adjustable strap wrench to remove over-tight or rusted caps. If user experiences any difficulty operating cylinder valve discontinue use and contact supplier. Use only with adequate ventilation. Use only with equipment rated for cylinder pressure. Use a backflow preventive device in piping. Close valve after each use and when empty. Ensure the complete gas system has been checked for leaks before use.

Never put cylinders into trunks of cars or unventilated areas of passenger vehicles. Never attempt to refill a compressed gas cylinder without the owner's written consent. Never strike an arc on a compressed gas cylinder or make a cylinder a part of an electrical circuit.

Only experienced and properly instructed persons should handle gases under pressure. Always store and handle compressed gas cylinders in accordance with Compressed Gas Association, pamphlet CGA-P1, Safe Handling of Compressed Gases in Containers.

For additional recommendations consult Compressed Gas Association's (CGA) Safety Bulletin SB-2, Oxygen-Deficient Atmospheres.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage Conditions Store in cool, dry, well-ventilated area of non-combustible construction away from heavily trafficked areas and emergency exits. Cylinders should be stored upright with valve protection cap in place and firmly secured to prevent falling. Keep at temperatures below 52°C / 125°F. Full and empty cylinders should be segregated. Use a "first in-first out" inventory system to prevent full cylinders from being stored for excessive periods of time. Stored containers should be periodically checked for general condition and leakage.

Incompatible materials Carbon dioxide is incompatible with: Certain reactive metals, hydrides, moist cesium monoxide, or lithium acetylene carbide diammino may ignite. Passing carbon dioxide over a mixture of sodium peroxide and aluminum or magnesium may explode.

**8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION**

Control parameters

Exposure Guidelines

Chemical Name	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL	NIOSH IDLH
Carbon dioxide 124-38-9	STEL = 30000 ppm TWA: 5000 ppm	TWA: 5000 ppm TWA: 9000 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (vacated) TWA: 10000 ppm (vacated) TWA: 18000 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (vacated) STEL: 30000 ppm (vacated) STEL: 54000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	IDLH: 40000 ppm TWA: 5000 ppm TWA: 9000 mg/m <sup>3</sup> STEL: 30000 ppm STEL: 54000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>



ACGIH TLV: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists - Threshold Limit Value. OSHA PEL: Occupational Safety and Health Administration - Permissible Exposure Limits. NIOSH IDLH: Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health.

Other Information Vacated limits revoked by the Court of Appeals decision in AFL-CIO v. OSHA, 965 F.2d 962 (11th Cir., 1992).

#### Appropriate engineering controls

Engineering Controls Local exhaust ventilation to prevent accumulation of high concentrations and maintain air-oxygen levels at or above 19.5%. Oxygen detectors should be used when asphyxiating gases may be released. Systems under pressure should be regularly checked for leakages.

#### Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles).

Skin and body protection Work gloves and safety shoes are recommended when handling cylinders.

Respiratory protection Use positive pressure airline respirator with escape cylinder or self contained breathing apparatus for oxygen-deficient atmospheres (<19.5%). If exposure limits are exceeded or irritation is experienced, NIOSH/MSHA approved respiratory protection should be worn. Positive-pressure supplied air respirators may be required for high airborne contaminant concentrations. Respiratory protection must be provided in accordance with current local regulations.

General Hygiene Considerations Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

## 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

### Information on basic physical and chemical properties

#### Product Level Information:

Physical state	Compressed gas
Appearance	Colorless.
Odor	Odorless.
Odor threshold	No information available
pH	No data available
Melting point	No data available
Evaporation rate	Not applicable
Lower flammability limit:	Not applicable
Upper flammability limit:	Not applicable
Flash point	Not applicable.
Autoignition temperature	No data available
Decomposition temperature	No data available
Partition coefficient	No data available
Kinematic viscosity	Not applicable

Chemical Name	Molecular weight	Boiling point	Vapor Pressure	Vapor density (air =1)	Gas Density kg/m <sup>3</sup> @20°C	Critical Temperature
Argon	39.95	-185.9 °C	Above critical temperature	1.38	1.65	-122.3 °C
Carbon dioxide	44.01	-78.5 °C (Sublimes)	838 psig (5778 kPa) @ 21.1°C	1.522	1.839	31.1 °C

## 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

### Reactivity

Not reactive under normal conditions

Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

Explosion data

Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact     None.  
Sensitivity to Static Discharge        None.

Possibility of Hazardous Reactions

None under normal processing.

Conditions to avoid

Due to the presence of Carbon dioxide, Carbonic acid is formed in the presence of moisture.

Incompatible materials

Carbon dioxide is incompatible with: Certain reactive metals, hydrides, moist cesium monoxide, or lithium acetylene carbide diammino may ignite. Passing carbon dioxide over a mixture of sodium peroxide and aluminum or magnesium may explode.

Hazardous Decomposition Products

None known.

## 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation	Acidosis, adrenal cortical exhaustion, and other metabolic stresses have resulted from prolonged continuous exposure to 1-2% carbon dioxide (10,000 ppm-20,000 ppm). The ACGIH TLV of 5,000 ppm is expected to provide a good margin of safety from asphyxiation and undue metabolic stress provided sufficient oxygen levels are maintained in the air. Increased physical activity, duration of exposure, and decreased oxygen content can affect systemic and respiratory effects resulting from exposure to carbon dioxide. Product is a simple asphyxiant.
Skin contact	No data available.
Eye contact	No data available.
Ingestion	Not an expected route of exposure.

Information on toxicological effects

Symptoms	Simple asphyxiant. May cause suffocation by displacing the oxygen in the air. Exposure to oxygen-deficient atmosphere (<=18%) may cause dizziness, drowsiness, nausea, vomiting, excess salivation, diminished mental alertness, loss of consciousness and death. Exposure to atmospheres containing 8-10% or less oxygen will bring about unconsciousness without warning and so quickly that the individuals cannot help or protect themselves. Lack of sufficient oxygen may cause serious injury or death. Depending on concentration and duration of exposure to carbon dioxide may cause increased respirations, headache, mild narcotic effects, increased blood pressure and pulse, and asphyxiation. Symptoms of overexposure become more apparent when atmospheric oxygen is decreased to 15-17%.
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Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Irritation	Not classified.
Sensitization	Not classified.
Germ cell mutagenicity	Not classified.
Carcinogenicity	This product does not contain any carcinogens or potential carcinogens listed by OSHA, IARC or NTP.
Reproductive toxicity	Not classified.
Developmental Toxicity	Not classified.
STOT - single exposure	Not classified.
STOT - repeated exposure	Not classified.
Chronic toxicity	None known.

Target Organ Effects  
Aspiration hazard

Central Vascular System (CVS), Respiratory system.  
Not applicable.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Chemical Name	Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Inhalation LC50	Inhalation LC50 (CGA P-20)
Carbon dioxide 124-38-9	-	-	470,000 ppm (Rat)	-

Product Information

Oral LD50 No information available  
Dermal LD50 No information available  
Inhalation LC50 No information available

## 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

No known acute aquatic toxicity.

Persistence and degradability

Not applicable.

Bioaccumulation

No information available.

Global warming potential (GWP) 1 (Carbon Dioxide)

## 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste treatment methods

Disposal of wastes Do not attempt to dispose of residual waste or unused quantities. Return in the shipping container PROPERLY LABELED WITH ANY VALVE OUTLET PLUGS OR CAPS SECURED AND VALVE PROTECTION CAP IN PLACE to Linde for proper disposal.

## 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT

UN/ID no. UN1956  
Proper shipping name Compressed gas, n.o.s.  
Hazard Class 2.2  
Description UN1956, Compressed gas, n.o.s. (Argon, Carbon Dioxide), 2.2  
Emergency Response Guide Number 126

TDG

UN/ID no. UN1956  
Proper shipping name Compressed gas, n.o.s.  
Hazard Class 2.2  
Description UN1956, Compressed gas, n.o.s. (Argon, Carbon Dioxide), 2.2

MEX

UN/ID no. UN1956  
Proper shipping name Compressed gas, n.o.s.  
Hazard Class 2.2  
Description UN1956, Compressed gas, n.o.s. (Argon, Carbon dioxide), 2.2

IATA

UN/ID no.	UN1956
Proper shipping name	Compressed gas, n.o.s.
Hazard Class	2.2
ERG Code	2L
Description	UN1956, Compressed gas, n.o.s. (Argon, Carbon dioxide), 2.2

IMDG

UN/ID no.	UN1956
Proper shipping name	Compressed gas, n.o.s.
Hazard Class	2.2
EmS-No.	F-C, S-V
Special Provisions	274
Description	UN1956, Compressed gas, n.o.s. (Argon, Carbon dioxide), 2.2

ADR

UN/ID no.	UN1956
Proper shipping name	Compressed gas, n.o.s.
Hazard Class	2.2
Classification code	1A
Tunnel restriction code	(E)
Special Provisions	274, 655
Description	UN1956, Compressed gas, n.o.s. (Argon, Carbon dioxide), 2.2, (E)

**15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**International Inventories

TSCA	Complies
DSL/NDL	Complies
EINECS/ELINCS	Complies

Legend:

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory

DSL/NDL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List

EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances/European List of Notified Chemical Substances

US Federal RegulationsSARA 313

Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA). This product does not contain any chemicals which are subject to the reporting requirements of the Act and Title 40 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 372.

SARA 311/312 Hazard Categories

Acute Health Hazard	Yes
Chronic Health Hazard	No
Fire Hazard	No
Sudden release of pressure hazard	Yes
Reactive Hazard	No

CERCLA

This material, as supplied, does not contain any substances regulated as hazardous substances under the Comprehensive Environmental Response Compensation and Liability Act (CERCLA) (40 CFR 302) or the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (SARA) (40 CFR 355). There may be specific reporting requirements at the local, regional, or state level pertaining to releases of this material.

Clean Air Act, Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) (see 40 CFR 61)

This product does not contain any substances regulated as hazardous air pollutants (HAPS) under Section 112 of the Clean Air Act Amendments of 1990.

CWA (Clean Water Act)

This product does not contain any substances regulated as pollutants pursuant to the Clean Water Act (40 CFR 122.21 and 40 CFR 122.42)

Risk and Process Safety Management Programs

This material, as supplied, does not contain any regulated substances with specified thresholds under 40 CFR Part 68. This product does not contain any substances regulated as Highly Hazardous Chemicals pursuant to the 29 CFR Part 1910.110.

US State RegulationsCalifornia Proposition 65

This product does not contain any Proposition 65 chemicals

U.S. State Right-to-Know Regulations

Chemical Name	New Jersey	Massachusetts	Pennsylvania
Argon 7440-37-1	X	X	X
Carbon dioxide 124-38-9	X	X	X

Chemical Name	Carcinogenicity	Exposure Limits
Carbon dioxide	-	Mexico: TWA= 5000 ppm Mexico: TWA= 9000 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Mexico: STEL= 15000 ppm Mexico: STEL= 27000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

**16. OTHER INFORMATION**

NFPA                      Health hazards 0                      Flammability 0                      Instability 0                      Physical and Chemical Properties Simple asphyxiant

Note: Ratings were assigned in accordance with Compressed Gas Association (CGA) guidelines as published in CGA Pamphlet P-19-2009, CGA Recommended Hazard Ratings for Compressed Gases, 3rd Edition.

Issue Date                      07-Apr-2015  
Revision Date                      14-May-2015  
Revision Note                      Initial Release

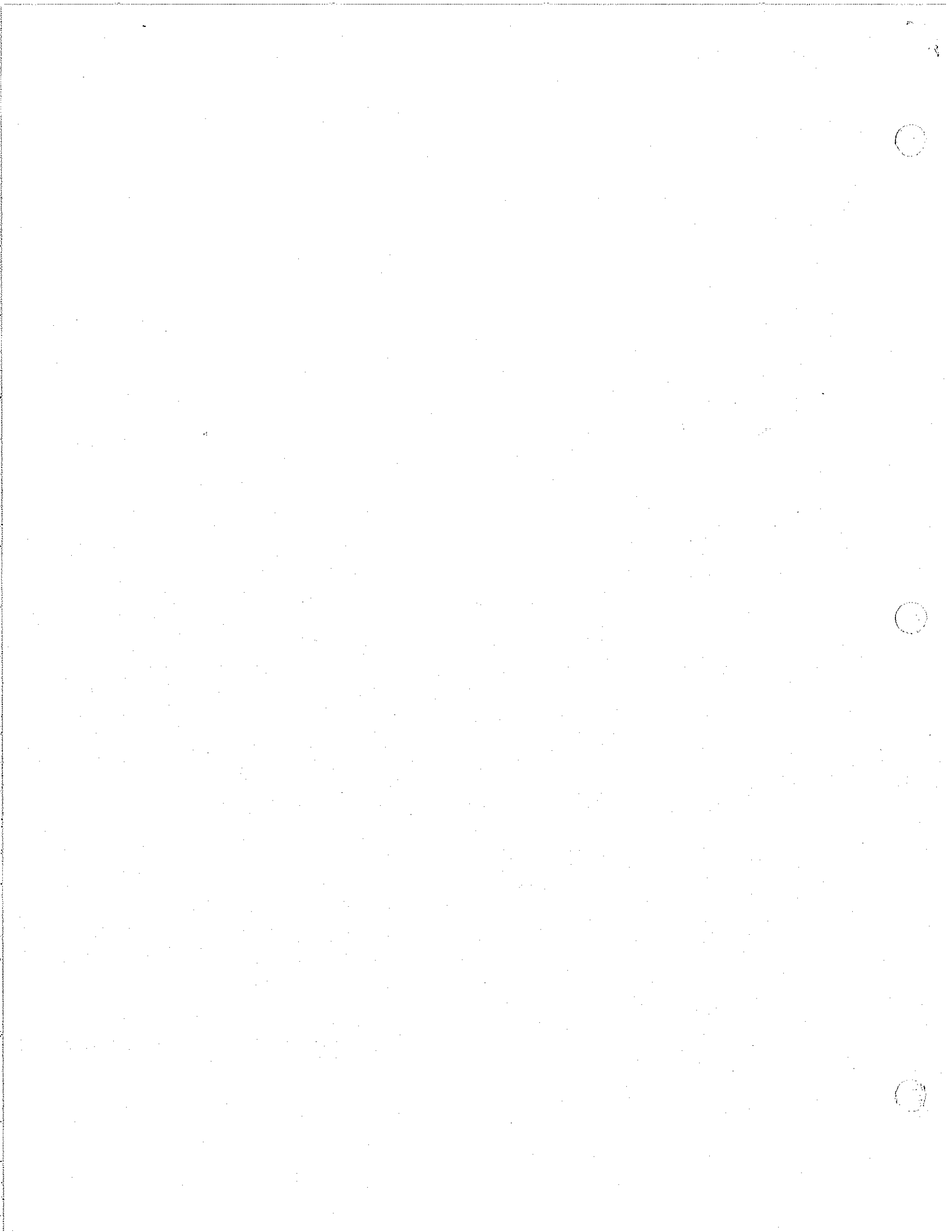
General Disclaimer

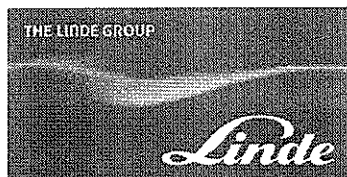
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End of Safety Data Sheet





# ARGON/HELIUM MIXTURES

## Safety Data Sheet

### 1. IDENTIFICATION

Product identifier

Product Name ARGON/HELIUM MIXTURES

Other means of identification

Safety data sheet number LIND-M0004

UN/ID no. UN1956

Synonyms VARIGON He25; VARIGON He50; VARIGON He75; ALUSHIELD LIGHT; ALUSHIELD UNIVERSAL

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended Use Industrial and professional use.

Uses advised against Consumer use

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Linde Gas North America LLC - Linde Merchant Production Inc. - Linde LLC

575 Mountain Ave.

Murray Hill, NJ 07974

Phone: 908-464-8100

[www.lindeus.com](http://www.lindeus.com)

Linde Gas Puerto Rico, Inc.

Road 869, Km 1.8

Barrio Palmas, Catano, PR 00962

Phone: 787-641-7445

[www.pr.lindegas.com](http://www.pr.lindegas.com)

Linde Canada Limited

5860 Chedworth Way

Mississauga, Ontario L5R 0A2

Phone: 905-501-1700

[www.lindecana.com](http://www.lindecana.com)

\* May include subsidiaries or affiliate companies/divisions.

For additional product information contact your local customer service.

Emergency telephone number

Company Phone Number 800-232-4726 (Linde National Operations Center, US)

905-501-0802 (Canada)

CHEMTREC: 1-800-424-9300 (North America) +1-703-527-3887 (International)

### 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

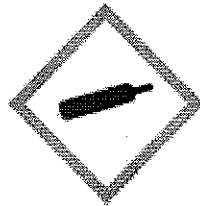
Classification

OSHA Regulatory Status

This chemical is considered hazardous by the 2012 OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

Gases under pressure	Compressed gas
Simple asphyxiants	Yes

Label elements



Signal word

Warning

Hazard Statements

Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated  
 May displace oxygen and cause rapid suffocation

Precautionary Statements - Prevention

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood  
 Use and store only outdoors or in a well ventilated place  
 Use a backflow preventive device in piping  
 Use only with equipment rated for cylinder pressure  
 Close valve after each use and when empty

Precautionary Statements - Response

IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Get medical attention/advice.

Precautionary Statements - Storage

Protect from sunlight when ambient temperature exceeds 52°C/125°F

Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC)

Not applicable

**3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

Chemical Name	CAS No.	Volume %	Chemical Formula
Helium	7440-59-7	25-75	He
Argon	7440-37-1	25-75	Ar

**4. FIRST AID MEASURES**

Description of first aid measures



General advice	Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.
Inhalation	Remove to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. Get medical attention immediately.
Skin contact	None under normal use. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.
Eye contact	None under normal use. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.
Ingestion	Not an expected route of exposure.
Self-protection of the first aider	RESCUE PERSONNEL SHOULD BE EQUIPPED WITH SELF-CONTAINED BREATHING APPARATUS.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms	Simple asphyxiant. May cause suffocation by displacing the oxygen in the air. Exposure to oxygen-deficient atmosphere (<19.5%) may cause dizziness, drowsiness, nausea, vomiting, excess salivation, diminished mental alertness, loss of consciousness and death. Exposure to atmospheres containing 8-10% or less oxygen will bring about unconsciousness without warning and so quickly that the individuals cannot help or protect themselves. Lack of sufficient oxygen may cause serious injury or death.
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Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Note to physicians	Treat symptomatically.
--------------------	------------------------

## 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media

Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.

Specific extinguishing methods

Continue to cool fire exposed cylinders until flames are extinguished. Damaged cylinders should be handled only by specialists.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Non-flammable gas. Cylinders may rupture under extreme heat.

Protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

## 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions	Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Monitor oxygen level. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus when entering area unless atmosphere is proved to be safe.
----------------------	---

Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions	Prevent spreading of vapors through sewers, ventilation systems and confined areas.
---------------------------	---

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for containment	Stop the flow of gas or remove cylinder to outdoor location if this can be done without risk. If leak is in container or container valve, contact the appropriate emergency telephone number in Section 1 or call your closest Linde location.
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Methods for cleaning up                      Return cylinder to Linde or an authorized distributor.

**7. HANDLING AND STORAGE**

Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling

Protect cylinders from physical damage; do not drag, roll, slide or drop. When moving cylinders, even for short distance, use a cart designed to transport cylinders. Never attempt to lift a cylinder by its valve protection cap. Never insert an object (e.g. wrench, screwdriver, pry bar, etc.) into valve cap openings. Doing so may damage valve, causing leak to occur. Use an adjustable strap wrench to remove over-tight or rusted caps. Use only with adequate ventilation. Use only with equipment rated for cylinder pressure. Use a backflow preventive device in piping. Close valve after each use and when empty. If user experiences any difficulty operating cylinder valve discontinue use and contact supplier. Ensure the complete gas system has been checked for leaks before use.

Never put cylinders into trunks of cars or unventilated areas of passenger vehicles. Never attempt to refill a compressed gas cylinder without the owner's written consent. Never strike an arc on a compressed gas cylinder or make a cylinder a part of an electrical circuit.

Only experienced and properly instructed persons should handle gases under pressure. Always store and handle compressed gas cylinders in accordance with Compressed Gas Association, pamphlet CGA-P1, Safe Handling of Compressed Gases in Containers.

For additional recommendations consult Compressed Gas Association's (CGA) Safety Bulletin SB-2, Oxygen-Deficient Atmospheres.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage Conditions

Store in cool, dry, well-ventilated area of non-combustible construction away from heavily trafficked areas and emergency exits. Keep at temperatures below 52°C / 125°F. Cylinders should be stored upright with valve protection cap in place and firmly secured to prevent falling. Full and empty cylinders should be segregated. Use a "first in-first out" inventory system to prevent full cylinders from being stored for excessive periods of time. Stored containers should be periodically checked for general condition and leakage.

Incompatible materials

None known.

**8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION**

Control parameters

Exposure Guidelines

This product, as supplied, does not contain any hazardous materials with occupational exposure limits established by the region specific regulatory bodies.

Appropriate engineering controls

Engineering Controls

Local exhaust ventilation to prevent accumulation of high concentrations and maintain air-oxygen levels at or above 19.5%. Oxygen detectors should be used when asphyxiating gases may be released. Systems under pressure should be regularly checked for leakages.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection

Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles).

Skin and body protection

Work gloves and safety shoes are recommended when handling cylinders.

Respiratory protection

Use positive pressure airline respirator with escape cylinder or self contained breathing apparatus for oxygen-deficient atmospheres (<19.5%).

General Hygiene Considerations

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

**9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	Compressed gas
Appearance	Colorless.
Odor	Odorless.
Odor threshold	Not applicable
pH	No data available
Melting point	No data available
Evaporation rate	Not applicable
Lower flammability limit:	Not applicable
Upper flammability limit:	Not applicable
Flash point	Not applicable
Autoignition temperature	No data available
Decomposition temperature	No data available
Water solubility	Slightly soluble
Partition coefficient	No data available
Kinematic viscosity	Not applicable

Chemical Name	Molecular weight	Boiling point	Vapor Pressure	Vapor density (air =1)	Gas Density kg/m <sup>3</sup> @20°C	Critical Temperature
Helium	4.00	-268.9 °C	Above critical temperature	0.138	0.165	-267.9 °C
Argon	39.95	-185.9 °C	Above critical temperature	1.38	1.65	-122.3 °C

**10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**Reactivity

Not reactive under normal conditions

Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

Explosion data

Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact	None.
Sensitivity to Static Discharge	None.

Possibility of Hazardous Reactions

None under normal processing.

Conditions to avoid

None under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section 7).

Incompatible materials

None known.

Hazardous Decomposition Products

None known.

**11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation Product is a simple asphyxiant.  
 Skin contact No data available.  
 Eye contact No data available.  
 Ingestion Not an expected route of exposure.

Information on toxicological effects

Symptoms No information available.

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Irritation Not classified.  
 Sensitization Not classified.  
 Germ cell mutagenicity Not classified.  
 Carcinogenicity This product does not contain any carcinogens or potential carcinogens listed by OSHA, IARC or NTP.  
 Reproductive toxicity Not classified.  
 STOT - single exposure Not classified.  
 STOT - repeated exposure Not classified.  
 Chronic toxicity None known.  
 Target Organ Effects None known.  
 Aspiration hazard Not applicable.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Product Information  
 Oral LD50 No information available  
 Dermal LD50 No information available  
 Inhalation LC50 No information available

**12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

Ecotoxicity  
 No known acute aquatic toxicity.

Persistence and degradability  
 Not applicable.

Bioaccumulation  
 No information available.

**13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

Waste treatment methods

Disposal of wastes Do not attempt to dispose of residual waste or unused quantities. Return in the shipping container PROPERLY LABELED WITH ANY VALVE OUTLET PLUGS OR CAPS SECURED AND VALVE PROTECTION CAP IN PLACE to Linde for proper disposal.

**14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

DOT  
 UN/ID no. UN1956

Proper shipping name	Compressed gas, n.o.s.
Hazard Class	2.2
Description	UN1956, Compressed gas, n.o.s.(Argon, Helium), 2.2
Emergency Response Guide Number	126

TDG

UN/ID no.	UN1956
Proper shipping name	Compressed gas, n.o.s.
Hazard Class	2.2
Description	UN1956, Compressed gas, n.o.s.(Argon, Helium), 2.2

MEX

UN/ID no.	UN1956
Proper shipping name	Compressed gas, n.o.s.
Hazard Class	2.2
Description	UN1956, Compressed gas, n.o.s.(Argon, Helium), 2.2

IATA

UN/ID no.	UN1956
Proper shipping name	Compressed gas, n.o.s.
Hazard Class	2.2
ERG Code	2L
Description	UN1956, Compressed gas, n.o.s.(Argon, Helium), 2.2

IMDG

UN/ID no.	UN1956
Proper shipping name	Compressed gas, n.o.s.
Hazard Class	2.2
EmS-No.	F-C, S-V
Special Provisions	274
Description	UN1956, Compressed gas n.o.s. (Argon, Helium), 2.2

ADR

UN/ID no.	UN1956
Proper shipping name	Compressed gas, n.o.s.
Hazard Class	2.2
Classification code	1A
Tunnel restriction code	(E)
Special Provisions	274, 655
Description	UN1956, Compressed gas, n.o.s.(Argon, Helium), 2.2, (E)
Labels	2.2

<b>15. REGULATORY INFORMATION</b>
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International Inventories

TSCA	Complies
DSL/NDSL	Complies
EINECS/ELINCS	Complies

Legend:

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory  
 DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List  
 EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances/European List of Notified Chemical Substances

US Federal RegulationsSARA 313

Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA). This product does not contain any chemicals which are subject to the reporting requirements of the Act and Title 40 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 372.

SARA 311/312 Hazard Categories

Acute Health Hazard	No
Chronic Health Hazard	No
Fire Hazard	No
Sudden release of pressure hazard	Yes
Reactive Hazard	No

CERCLA

This material, as supplied, does not contain any substances regulated as hazardous substances under the Comprehensive Environmental Response Compensation and Liability Act (CERCLA) (40 CFR 302) or the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (SARA) (40 CFR 355). There may be specific reporting requirements at the local, regional, or state level pertaining to releases of this material.

Clean Air Act, Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) (see 40 CFR 61)

This product does not contain any substances regulated as hazardous air pollutants (HAPS) under Section 112 of the Clean Air Act Amendments of 1990.

CWA (Clean Water Act)

This product does not contain any substances regulated as pollutants pursuant to the Clean Water Act (40 CFR 122.21 and 40 CFR 122.42).

Risk and Process Safety Management Programs

This material, as supplied, does not contain any regulated substances with specified thresholds under 40 CFR Part 68. This product does not contain any substances regulated as Highly Hazardous Chemicals pursuant to the 29 CFR Part 1910.110.

US State Regulations

California Proposition 65

This product does not contain any Proposition 65 chemicals

U.S. State Right-to-Know Regulations

Chemical Name	New Jersey	Massachusetts	Pennsylvania
Argon 7440-37-1	X	X	X

International Regulations

**16. OTHER INFORMATION**

NFPA                      Health hazards 0                      Flammability 0                      Instability 0                      Physical and Chemical Properties Simple asphyxiant

Note: Ratings were assigned in accordance with Compressed Gas Association (CGA) guidelines as published in CGA Pamphlet P-19-2009, CGA Recommended Hazard Ratings for Compressed Gases, 3rd Edition.

Issue Date                      08-Apr-2015  
 Revision Date                      08-Apr-2015  
 Revision Note                      Initial Release.

General Disclaimer

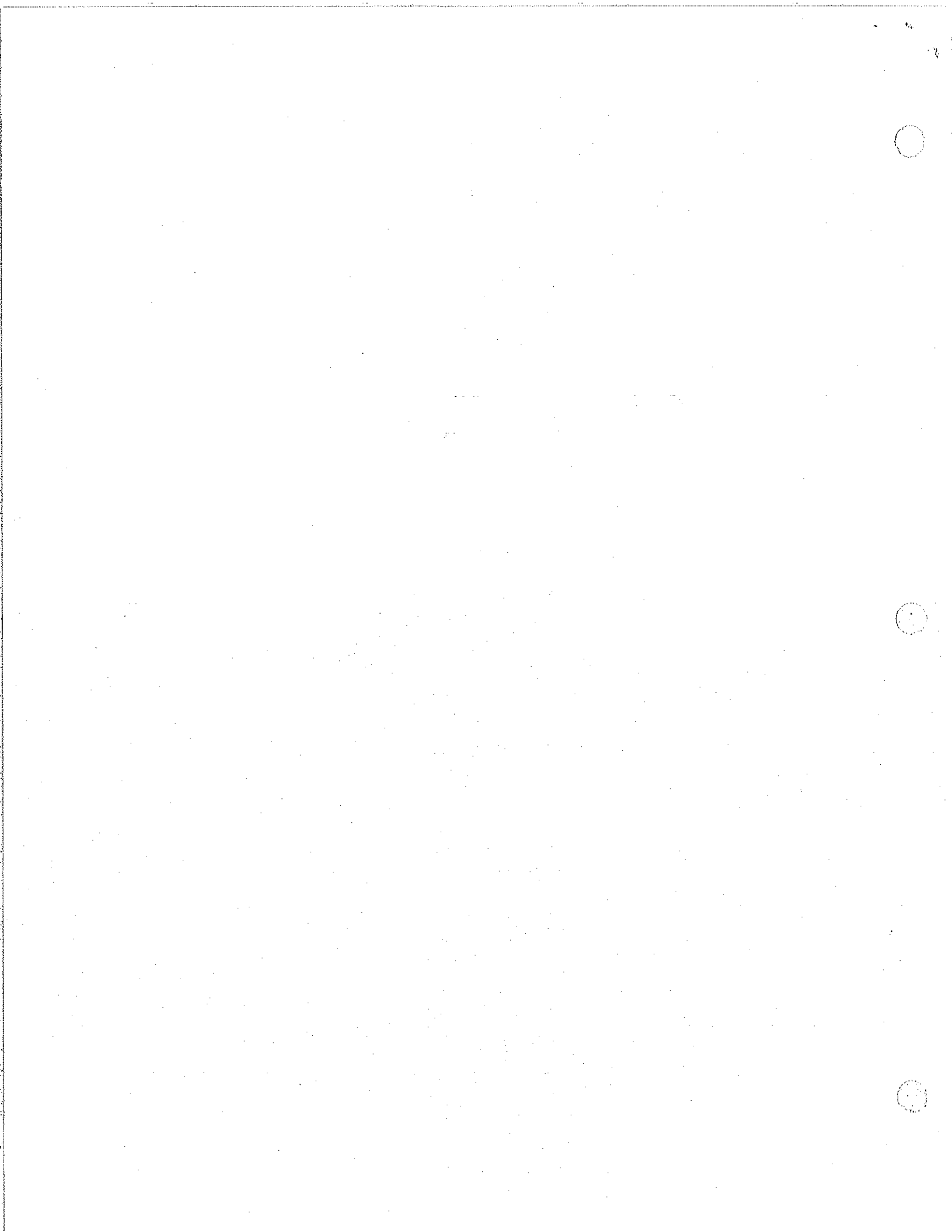
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For terms and conditions, including limitation of liability, please refer to the purchase agreement in effect between Linde LLC, Linde Merchant Production, Inc. or Linde Gas North America LLC (or any of their affiliates and subsidiaries) and the purchaser.

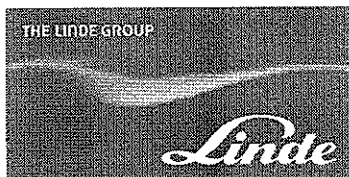
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Although reasonable care has been taken in the preparation of this document, we extend no warranties and make no representations as to the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein, and assume no responsibility regarding the suitability of this information for the user's intended purposes or for the consequences of its use. Each individual should make a determination as to the suitability of the information for their particular purpose(s).

End of Safety Data Sheet







# HYDROGEN (>2.9%) in ARGON, KRYPTON, NEON or XENON

## Safety Data Sheet

### 1. IDENTIFICATION

#### Product identifier

Product Name HYDROGEN (>2.9%) in ARGON, KRYPTON, NEON or XENON

#### Other means of identification

Safety data sheet number LIND-M0091  
 UN/ID no. UN1954  
 Trade name VARIGON H5, VARIGON H10, VARIGON H35; SPECSHIELD 5H; PLASMASHIELD 35H

#### Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended Use Industrial and professional use.  
 Uses advised against Consumer use

#### Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Linde Gas North America LLC - Linde Merchant Production Inc. - Linde LLC  
 575 Mountain Ave.  
 Murray Hill, NJ 07974  
 Phone: 908-464-8100  
 www.lindeus.com

Linde Gas Puerto Rico, Inc.  
 Road 869, Km 1.8  
 Barrio Palmas, Catano, PR 00962  
 Phone: 787-641-7445  
 www.pr.lindegas.com

Linde Canada Limited  
 5860 Chedworth Way  
 Mississauga, Ontario L5R 0A2  
 Phone: 905-501-1700  
 www.lindecanada.com

\* May include subsidiaries or affiliate companies/divisions.

For additional product information contact your local customer service.

#### Emergency telephone number

Company Phone Number 800-232-4726 (Linde National Operations Center, US)  
 905-501-0802 (Canada)  
 CHEMTREC: 1-800-424-9300 (North America) +1-703-527-3887 (International)

## 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

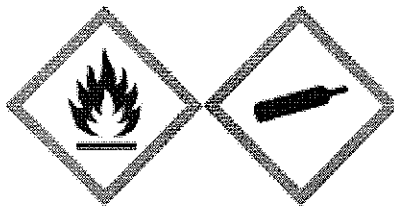
### Classification

#### OSHA Regulatory Status

This chemical is considered hazardous by the 2012 OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

Flammable gases	Category 1
Gases under pressure	Compressed gas
Simple asphyxiants	Yes

### Label elements



Signal word

Danger

#### Hazard Statements

Extremely flammable gas  
Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated  
May displace oxygen and cause rapid suffocation  
May form explosive mixtures with air  
Burns with invisible flame

#### Precautionary Statements - Prevention

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood  
Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames, hot surfaces. — No smoking  
Use and store only outdoors or in a well ventilated place  
Use a backflow preventive device in piping  
Use only with equipment rated for cylinder pressure  
Do not open valve until connected to equipment prepared for use  
Close valve after each use and when empty  
Never put cylinders into unventilated areas of passenger vehicles

#### Precautionary Statements - Response

IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Get medical attention/advice.  
Leaking gas fire: do not extinguish, unless leak can be stopped safely  
Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so

#### Precautionary Statements - Storage

Protect from sunlight when ambient temperature exceeds 52°C/125°F

#### Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC)

Not applicable

## 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical Name	CAS No.	Volume %	Chemical Formula
Xenon	7440-63-3	0-97	Xe
Neon	7440-01-9	0-97	Ne
Krypton	7439-90-9	0-97	Kr
Argon	7440-37-1	0-97	Ar
Hydrogen	1333-74-0	>2.9	H <sub>2</sub>

Composition covers range of mixtures that fall within the same hazard classifications.

#### 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

##### Description of first aid measures

General advice	Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.
Inhalation	Remove to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. Get medical attention immediately.
Skin contact	None under normal use. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.
Eye contact	None under normal use. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.
Ingestion	Not an expected route of exposure.
Self-protection of the first aider	RESCUE PERSONNEL SHOULD BE EQUIPPED WITH SELF-CONTAINED BREATHING APPARATUS. Remove all sources of ignition.

##### Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms	Simple asphyxiant. May cause suffocation by displacing the oxygen in the air. Exposure to oxygen-deficient atmosphere (<19.5%) may cause dizziness, drowsiness, nausea, vomiting, excess salivation, diminished mental alertness, loss of consciousness and death. Exposure to atmospheres containing 8-10% or less oxygen will bring about unconsciousness without warning and so quickly that the individuals cannot help or protect themselves. Lack of sufficient oxygen may cause serious injury or death.
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##### Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Note to physicians	Treat symptomatically.
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#### 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

##### Suitable extinguishing media

Dry chemical or CO<sub>2</sub>. Water spray (fog). DO NOT EXTINGUISH A LEAKING GAS FIRE UNLESS LEAK CAN BE STOPPED.

##### Specific extinguishing methods

If possible, stop the flow of gas. Do not extinguish the fire until supply is shut off as otherwise an explosive-ignition may occur. If the fire is extinguished and the flow of gas continues, use increased ventilation to prevent build-up of explosive atmosphere. Ventilation fans must be explosion proof. Use non-sparking tools to close container valves.

Use water spray to cool surrounding containers. Be cautious of a Boiling Liquid Evaporating Vapor Explosion, BLEVE, if flame is impinging on surrounding containers. For massive fire, use unmanned hose holders or monitor nozzles; if this is impossible withdraw from area and let fire burn. Damaged cylinders should be handled only by specialists.

##### Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Extremely flammable gas. May form explosive mixtures with air. Hydrogen is very light and may collect in the upper portions of storage areas.

Hydrogen burns with an almost invisible flame. High pressure releases may ignite with no apparent ignition source possibly via static electricity. Will be easily ignited by heat, sparks or flames. Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back. Vapors may accumulate in confined areas (basement, tanks, hopper/tank cars, etc.). Cylinders may rupture under extreme heat.

Protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear. As an immediate precautionary measure, isolate spill or leak area for at least 100 meters (330 feet) in all directions.

## 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

**Personal precautions** ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area). Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Monitor oxygen level. Consider the risk of potentially explosive atmospheres. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Use non-sparking tools and equipment. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus when entering area unless atmosphere is proved to be safe.

Environmental precautions

**Environmental precautions** Beware of vapors accumulating to form explosive concentrations. Prevent spreading of vapors through sewers, ventilation systems and confined areas.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

**Methods for containment** Stop the flow of gas or remove cylinder to outdoor location if this can be done without risk. If leak is in container or container valve, contact the appropriate emergency telephone number in Section 1 or call your closest Linde location.

**Methods for cleaning up** Return cylinder to Linde or an authorized distributor.

## 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling

**Advice on safe handling** Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Ground and bond all lines and equipment associated with product system. All equipment should be non-sparking and explosion proof. Separate flammable gas cylinders from oxygen and other oxidizers by a minimum distance of 20 ft. or by a 5 ft. high barrier with a minimum fire resistance rating of a half an hour. "NO SMOKING" signs should be posted in storage and use areas. Hydrogen is non-corrosive. However hydrogen can interact with metals (hardened steels) to cause embrittlement.

Protect cylinders from physical damage; do not drag, roll, slide or drop. When moving cylinders, even for short distance, use a cart designed to transport cylinders. Never attempt to lift a cylinder by its valve protection cap. Never insert an object (e.g. wrench, screwdriver, pry bar, etc.) into valve cap openings. Doing so may damage valve, causing leak to occur. Use an adjustable strap wrench to remove over-tight or rusted caps. Use only with adequate ventilation. Use a backflow preventive device in piping. Use only with equipment rated for cylinder pressure. Close valve after each use and when empty. If user experiences any difficulty operating cylinder valve discontinue use and contact supplier. Ensure the complete gas system has been checked for leaks before use.

Never put cylinders into trunks of cars or unventilated areas of passenger vehicles. Never attempt to refill a compressed gas cylinder without the owner's written consent. Never strike an arc on a compressed gas cylinder or make a cylinder a part of an electrical circuit.

Only experienced and properly instructed persons should handle gases under pressure. Always store and handle compressed gas cylinders in accordance with Compressed Gas Association, pamphlet CGA-P1, Safe Handling of Compressed Gases in Containers.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

**Storage Conditions** Store in cool, dry, well-ventilated area of non-combustible construction away from heavily trafficked areas and emergency exits. Keep at temperatures below 52°C / 125°F. Cylinders should be stored upright with valve protection cap in place and firmly secured to prevent falling. Full and empty cylinders should be segregated. Use a "first in-first out" inventory system to prevent full cylinders from being stored for excessive periods of time. Stored containers should be periodically checked for general condition and leakage. Outside or detached storage is preferred.

**Incompatible materials** Oxidizing agents.

**8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION**

Control parameters

**Exposure Guidelines** This product, as supplied, does not contain any hazardous materials with occupational exposure limits established by the region specific regulatory bodies.

Appropriate engineering controls

**Engineering Controls** Explosion proof ventilation systems. Local exhaust ventilation to prevent accumulation of high concentrations and maintain air-oxygen levels at or above 19.5%. Oxygen detectors should be used when asphyxiating gases may be released. Consider installation of leak detection systems in areas of use and storage. Systems under pressure should be regularly checked for leakages.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

**Eye/face protection** Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles).

**Skin and body protection** Work gloves and safety shoes are recommended when handling cylinders. Wear fire/flame resistant/retardant clothing. Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

**Respiratory protection** Use positive pressure airline respirator with escape cylinder or self contained breathing apparatus for oxygen-deficient atmospheres (<19.5%).

**General Hygiene Considerations** Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

**9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

<b>Product Information</b>	
Physical state	Compressed gas
Appearance	Colorless.
Odor	Odorless.
Odor threshold	No information available
pH	No data available
Melting point	No data available
Evaporation rate	Not applicable
Fire Hazard	Yes
Flammability Limit in Air	(For Hydrogen)
Lower flammability limit:	4%
Upper flammability limit:	75%
Flash point	No information available
Autoignition temperature	570 °C / 1058 °F; (Hydrogen)

Decomposition temperature  
Partition coefficient  
Kinematic viscosity

No data available  
No data available  
Not applicable

Chemical Name	Molecular weight	Boiling point	Vapor Pressure	Vapor density (air =1)	Gas Density kg/m <sup>3</sup> @20°C	Critical Temperature
Xenon	131.29	-108.1 °C	Above critical temperature	4.55	5.472	16.6 °C
Neon	20.17	-246.1 °C	Above critical temperature	0.694	0.922	-228.8 °C
Krypton	83.79	-153.4 °C	Above critical temperature	2.89	3.479	-228.8 °C
Argon	39.95	-185.9 °C	Above critical temperature	1.38	1.65	-122.3 °C
Hydrogen	1.00	-252.8 °C	Above critical temperature	0.07	0.083	-240 °C

## 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

### Reactivity

No data available

### Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

### Explosion data

Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact     None.  
Sensitivity to Static Discharge        Yes.

### Possibility of Hazardous Reactions

May form explosive mixtures with air.

### Conditions to avoid

Heat, flames and sparks. Flammable or explosive when mixed with chlorine or other oxidizing materials. Fluorine and hydrogen react at -418°F (-250°C) when impurities are present. Chlorine/hydrogen mixtures explode if exposed to light. Lithium metal will burn in a hydrogen atmosphere.

### Incompatible materials

Oxidizing agents.

### Hazardous Decomposition Products

None known.

## 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

### Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation                                     Product is a simple asphyxiant.  
Skin contact                                   No data available.  
Eye contact                                    No data available.  
Ingestion                                        Not an expected route of exposure.

### Information on toxicological effects

Symptoms No information available.

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Irritation	Not classified.
Sensitization	Not classified.
Germ cell mutagenicity	Not classified.
Carcinogenicity	This product does not contain any carcinogens or potential carcinogens listed by OSHA, IARC or NTP.
Reproductive toxicity	Not classified.
STOT - single exposure	Not classified.
STOT - repeated exposure	Not classified.
Chronic toxicity	None known.
Aspiration hazard	Not applicable.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Component Level Information:

Chemical Name	Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Inhalation LC50	Inhalation LC50 (CGA P-20)
Hydrogen 1333-74-0	-	-	> 15000 ppm (Rat) 1 h	-

Product Information

Oral LD50	No information available
Dermal LD50	No information available
Inhalation LC50	No information available

**12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

Ecotoxicity

No known acute aquatic toxicity.

Persistence and degradability

Not applicable.

Bioaccumulation

No information available.

**13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

Waste treatment methods

Disposal of wastes Do not attempt to dispose of residual waste or unused quantities. Return in the shipping container PROPERLY LABELED WITH ANY VALVE OUTLET PLUGS OR CAPS SECURED AND VALVE PROTECTION CAP IN PLACE to Linde for proper disposal.

**14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

Note: The technical names of components listed as part of shipping description will depend on specific mixture composition and/or balance gas.

DOT

UN/ID no.	UN1954
Proper shipping name	Compressed gas, flammable, n.o.s.
Hazard Class	2.1

Description UN1954, Compressed gas, flammable, n.o.s.(Hydrogen, XXXXX), 2.1  
Emergency Response Guide Number 115

TDG

UN/ID no. UN1954  
Proper shipping name Compressed gas, flammable, n.o.s.  
Hazard Class 2.1  
Description UN1954, Compressed gas, flammable, n.o.s.(Hydrogen, XXXXX), 2.1

MEX

UN/ID no. UN1954  
Proper shipping name Compressed gas, flammable, n.o.s.  
Hazard Class 2.1  
Description UN1954, Compressed gas, flammable, n.o.s.(Hydrogen, XXXXX), 2.1

IATA

UN/ID no. UN1954  
Proper shipping name Compressed gas, flammable, n.o.s.  
Hazard Class 2.1  
ERG Code 10L  
Special Provisions A1  
Description UN1954, Compressed gas, flammable, n.o.s.(Hydrogen, XXXXX), 2.1

IMDG

UN/ID no. UN1954  
Proper shipping name Compressed gas, flammable, n.o.s.  
Hazard Class 2.1  
EmS-No. F-D, S-U  
Special Provisions 274  
Description UN1954, Compressed gas, flammable, n.o.s. (Hydrogen, XXXXX), 2.1

ADR

UN/ID no. UN1954  
Proper shipping name Compressed gas, flammable, n.o.s.  
Hazard Class 2.1  
Classification code 1F  
Tunnel restriction code (B/D)  
Special Provisions 274  
Description UN1954, Compressed gas, flammable, n.o.s.(Hydrogen, XXXXX), 2.1, (B/D)  
Labels 2.1

**15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**

International Inventories

TSCA Complies  
DSL/NDSL Complies  
EINECS/ELINCS Complies

Legend:

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory  
DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List  
EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances/European List of Notified Chemical Substances

US Federal Regulations

SARA 313

Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA). This product does not contain any chemicals which are subject to the reporting requirements of the Act and Title 40 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 372.



SARA 311/312 Hazard Categories

Acute Health Hazard	No
Chronic Health Hazard	No
Fire Hazard	Yes
Sudden release of pressure hazard	Yes
Reactive Hazard	No

CERCLA

This material, as supplied, does not contain any substances regulated as hazardous substances under the Comprehensive Environmental Response Compensation and Liability Act (CERCLA) (40 CFR 302) or the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (SARA) (40 CFR 355). There may be specific reporting requirements at the local, regional, or state level pertaining to releases of this material.

Clean Air Act, Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) (see 40 CFR 61)

This product does not contain any substances regulated as hazardous air pollutants (HAPS) under Section 112 of the Clean Air Act Amendments of 1990.

CWA (Clean Water Act)

This product does not contain any substances regulated as pollutants pursuant to the Clean Water Act (40 CFR 122.21 and 40 CFR 122.42)

Risk and Process Safety Management Programs

This material, as supplied, contains one or more regulated substances with specified thresholds under 40 CFR Part 68 or regulated as a highly hazardous chemical pursuant to the 29 CFR Part 1910.110 with specified thresholds:

Chemical Name	U.S. - CAA (Clean Air Act) - Accidental Release Prevention - Toxic Substances	U.S. - CAA (Clean Air Act) - Accidental Release Prevention - Flammable Substances	U.S. - OSHA - Process Safety Management - Highly Hazardous Chemicals
Hydrogen		10000 lbs	

US State Regulations

California Proposition 65

This product does not contain any Proposition 65 chemicals

U.S. State Right-to-Know Regulations

Chemical Name	New Jersey	Massachusetts	Pennsylvania
Argon 7440-37-1	X	X	X
Hydrogen 1333-74-0	X	X	X

International Regulations

**16. OTHER INFORMATION**

<u>NFPA</u>	Health hazards 0	Flammability 4	Instability 0	Physical and Chemical Properties Simple asphyxiants
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Note: Ratings were assigned in accordance with Compressed Gas Association (CGA) guidelines as published in CGA Pamphlet P-19-2009, CGA Recommended Hazard Ratings for Compressed Gases, 3rd Edition.

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Issue Date	22-Apr-2015
Revision Date	22-Apr-2015
Revision Note	Initial Release.

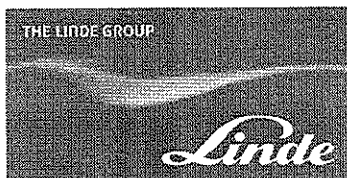
General Disclaimer

For terms and conditions, including limitation of liability, please refer to the purchase agreement in effect between Linde LLC, Linde Merchant Production, Inc. or Linde Gas North America LLC (or any of their affiliates and subsidiaries) and the purchaser.

DISCLAIMER OF EXPRESSED AND IMPLIED WARRANTIES

Although reasonable care has been taken in the preparation of this document, we extend no warranties and make no representations as to the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein, and assume no responsibility regarding the suitability of this information for the user's intended purposes or for the consequences of its use. Each individual should make a determination as to the suitability of the information for their particular purpose(s).

End of Safety Data Sheet



# OXYGEN (<19.5%) In ARGON, HELIUM OR NITROGEN

## Safety Data Sheet

### 1. IDENTIFICATION

#### Product identifier

Product Name OXYGEN (<19.5%) In ARGON, HELIUM OR NITROGEN

#### Other means of identification

Safety data sheet number LIND-M0148  
 UN/ID no. UN1956  
 Trade name CORGON O5; CRONIGON O2; ARGOSHIELD 2; ARGOSHIELD 5

#### Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended Use Industrial and professional use.  
 Uses advised against Consumer use

#### Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Linde Gas North America LLC - Linde Merchant Production Inc. - Linde LLC  
 575 Mountain Ave.  
 Murray Hill, NJ 07974  
 Phone: 908-464-8100  
[www.lindeus.com](http://www.lindeus.com)

Linde Gas Puerto Rico, Inc.  
 Road 869, Km 1.8  
 Barrio Palmas, Catano, PR 00962  
 Phone: 787-641-7445  
[www.pr.lindegas.com](http://www.pr.lindegas.com)

Linde Canada Limited  
 5860 Chedworth Way  
 Mississauga, Ontario L5R 0A2  
 Phone: 905-501-1700  
[www.lindecana.com](http://www.lindecana.com)

\* May include subsidiaries or affiliate companies/divisions.

For additional product information contact your local customer service.

#### Emergency telephone number

Company Phone Number 800-232-4726 (Linde National Operations Center, US)  
 905-501-0802 (Canada)  
 CHEMTREC: 1-800-424-9300 (North America) +1-703-527-3887 (International)

**2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

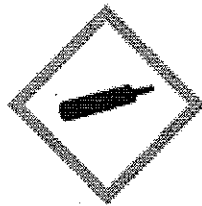
Classification

OSHA Regulatory Status

This chemical is considered hazardous by the 2012 OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

Gases under pressure	Compressed gas
Simple asphyxiants	Yes

Label elements



Signal word

Warning

Hazard Statements

Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated  
May displace oxygen and cause rapid suffocation

Precautionary Statements - Prevention

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood  
Use and store only outdoors or in a well ventilated place  
Use a backflow preventive device in piping  
Use only with equipment rated for cylinder pressure  
Close valve after each use and when empty

Precautionary Statements - Response

IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Get medical attention/advice.

Precautionary Statements - Storage

Protect from sunlight when ambient temperature exceeds 52°C/125°F

Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC)

Not applicable

**3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

Chemical Name	CAS No.	Volume %	Chemical Formula
Nitrogen	7727-37-9	0-99	N <sub>2</sub>
Helium	7440-59-7	0-99	He
Argon	7440-37-1	0-99	Ar
Oxygen	7782-44-7	<19.5	O <sub>2</sub>

Composition covers range of mixtures that fall within the same hazard classifications.

#### 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

##### Description of first aid measures

General advice	Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.
Inhalation	Remove to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. Get medical attention immediately.
Skin contact	None under normal use. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.
Eye contact	None under normal use. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.
Ingestion	Not an expected route of exposure.
Self-protection of the first aider	RESCUE PERSONNEL SHOULD BE EQUIPPED WITH SELF-CONTAINED BREATHING APPARATUS.

##### Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms	Simple asphyxiant. May cause suffocation by displacing the oxygen in the air. Exposure to oxygen-deficient atmosphere (<19.5%) may cause dizziness, drowsiness, nausea, vomiting, excess salivation, diminished mental alertness, loss of consciousness and death. Exposure to atmospheres containing 8-10% or less oxygen will bring about unconsciousness without warning and so quickly that the individuals cannot help or protect themselves. Lack of sufficient oxygen may cause serious injury or death.
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##### Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Note to physicians	Treat symptomatically.
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#### 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

##### Suitable extinguishing media

Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.

##### Specific extinguishing methods

Continue to cool fire exposed cylinders until flames are extinguished. Damaged cylinders should be handled only by specialists.

##### Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Non-flammable gas. Cylinders may rupture under extreme heat.

##### Protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

#### 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

##### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions	Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Monitor oxygen level. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus when entering area unless atmosphere is proved to be safe.
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##### Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions	Prevent spreading of vapors through sewers, ventilation systems and confined areas.
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Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for containment Stop the flow of gas or remove cylinder to outdoor location if this can be done without risk. If leak is in container or container valve, contact the appropriate emergency telephone number in Section 1 or call your closest Linde location.

Methods for cleaning up Return cylinder to Linde or an authorized distributor.

**7. HANDLING AND STORAGE**

Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling

Protect cylinders from physical damage; do not drag, roll, slide or drop. When moving cylinders, even for short distance, use a cart designed to transport cylinders. Never attempt to lift a cylinder by its valve protection cap. Never insert an object (e.g. wrench, screwdriver, pry bar, etc.) into valve cap openings. Doing so may damage valve, causing leak to occur. Use an adjustable strap wrench to remove over-tight or rusted caps. Use only with adequate ventilation. Use a backflow preventive device in piping. Use only with equipment rated for cylinder pressure. Close valve after each use and when empty. If user experiences any difficulty operating cylinder valve discontinue use and contact supplier. Ensure the complete gas system has been checked for leaks before use.

Never put cylinders into trunks of cars or unventilated areas of passenger vehicles. Never attempt to refill a compressed gas cylinder without the owner's written consent. Never strike an arc on a compressed gas cylinder or make a cylinder a part of an electrical circuit.

Only experienced and properly instructed persons should handle gases under pressure. Always store and handle compressed gas cylinders in accordance with Compressed Gas Association, pamphlet CGA-P1, Safe Handling of Compressed Gases in Containers.

For additional recommendations consult Compressed Gas Association's (CGA) Safety Bulletin SB-2, Oxygen-Deficient Atmospheres.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage Conditions Store in cool, dry, well-ventilated area of non-combustible construction away from heavily trafficked areas and emergency exits. Keep at temperatures below 52°C / 125°F. Cylinders should be stored upright with valve protection cap in place and firmly secured to prevent falling. Full and empty cylinders should be segregated. Use a "first in-first out" inventory system to prevent full cylinders from being stored for excessive periods of time. Stored containers should be periodically checked for general condition and leakage.

Incompatible materials None known.

**8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION**

Control parameters

Exposure Guidelines This product, as supplied, does not contain any hazardous materials with occupational exposure limits established by the region specific regulatory bodies.

Appropriate engineering controls

Engineering Controls Local exhaust ventilation to prevent accumulation of high concentrations and maintain air-oxygen levels at or above 19.5%. Oxygen detectors should be used when asphyxiating gases may be released. Systems under pressure should be regularly checked for leakages.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection	Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles).
Skin and body protection	Work gloves and safety shoes are recommended when handling cylinders.
Respiratory protection	Use positive pressure airline respirator with escape cylinder or self contained breathing apparatus for oxygen-deficient atmospheres (<19.5%).
General Hygiene Considerations	Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

## 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

### Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	Compressed gas
Appearance	Colorless.
Odor	Odorless.
Odor threshold	No information available
pH	No data available
Melting point	No data available
Evaporation rate	Not applicable
Lower flammability limit:	Not applicable
Upper flammability limit:	Not applicable
Flash point	Not applicable
Autoignition temperature	No data available
Decomposition temperature	No data available
Partition coefficient	No data available
Kinematic viscosity	Not applicable

Chemical Name	Molecular weight	Boiling point	Vapor Pressure	Vapor density (air =1)	Gas Density kg/m <sup>3</sup> @20°C	Critical Temperature
Nitrogen	28.01	-196 °C	Above critical temperature	0.97	1.153	-146.9 °C
Helium	4.00	-268.9 °C	Above critical temperature	0.138	0.165	-267.9 °C
Argon	39.95	-185.9 °C	Above critical temperature	1.38	1.65	-122.3 °C
Oxygen	31.99	-182.9 °C	Above critical temperature	1.11	1.331	-118.6 °C

## 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

### Reactivity

Not reactive under normal conditions

### Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

### Explosion data

Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact	None.
Sensitivity to Static Discharge	None.

### Possibility of Hazardous Reactions

None under normal processing.

### Conditions to avoid

None under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section 7).

Incompatible materials

None known.

Hazardous Decomposition Products

None known.

**11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation	Product is a simple asphyxiant.
Skin contact	No data available.
Eye contact	No data available.
Ingestion	Not an expected route of exposure.

Information on toxicological effects

Symptoms No information available.

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Irritation	Not classified.
Sensitization	Not classified.
Germ cell mutagenicity	Not classified.
Carcinogenicity	This product does not contain any carcinogens or potential carcinogens listed by OSHA, IARC or NTP.
Reproductive toxicity	Not classified.
STOT - single exposure	Not classified.
STOT - repeated exposure	Not classified.
Chronic toxicity	None known.
Aspiration hazard	Not applicable.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Product Information	
Oral LD50	No information available
Dermal LD50	No information available
Inhalation LC50	No information available

**12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

Ecotoxicity

No known acute aquatic toxicity.

Persistence and degradability

Not applicable.

Bioaccumulation

No information available.

**13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**



Waste treatment methods

Disposal of wastes Do not attempt to dispose of residual waste or unused quantities. Return in the shipping container PROPERLY LABELED WITH ANY VALVE OUTLET PLUGS OR CAPS SECURED AND VALVE PROTECTION CAP IN PLACE to Linde for proper disposal.

**14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

Note: The technical names of components listed as part of shipping description will depend on specific mixture composition and/or balance gas.

DOT

UN/ID no. UN1956  
 Proper shipping name Compressed gas, n.o.s.  
 Hazard Class 2.2  
 Description UN1956, Compressed gas, n.o.s.(Oxygen, XXXXX), 2.2  
 Emergency Response Guide Number 126

TDG

UN/ID no. UN1956  
 Proper shipping name Compressed gas, n.o.s.  
 Hazard Class 2.2  
 Description UN1956, Compressed gas, n.o.s.(Oxygen, XXXXX), 2.2

MEX

UN/ID no. UN1956  
 Proper shipping name Compressed gas, n.o.s.  
 Hazard Class 2.2  
 Description UN1956, Compressed gas, n.o.s.(Oxygen, XXXXX), 2.2

IATA

UN/ID no. UN1956  
 Proper shipping name Compressed gas, n.o.s.  
 Hazard Class 2.2  
 ERG Code 2L  
 Description UN1956, Compressed gas, n.o.s.(Oxygen, XXXXX), 2.2

IMDG

UN/ID no. UN1956  
 Proper shipping name Compressed gas, n.o.s.  
 Hazard Class 2.2  
 EmS-No. F-C, S-V  
 Special Provisions 274  
 Description UN1956, Compressed gas, n.o.s. (Oxygen, XXXXX), 2.2

ADR

UN/ID no. UN1956  
 Proper shipping name Compressed gas, n.o.s.  
 Hazard Class 2.2  
 Classification code 1A  
 Tunnel restriction code (E)  
 Special Provisions 274, 655  
 Description UN1956, Compressed gas, n.o.s.(Oxygen, XXXXX), 2.2, (E)

**15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**

International Inventories

TSCA Complies

DSL/NDSL  
EINECS/ELINCS

Complies  
Complies

**Legend:**

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory  
DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List  
EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances/European List of Notified Chemical Substances

US Federal Regulations

SARA 313

Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA). This product does not contain any chemicals which are subject to the reporting requirements of the Act and Title 40 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 372.

SARA 311/312 Hazard Categories

Acute Health Hazard	No
Chronic Health Hazard	No
Fire Hazard	No
Sudden release of pressure hazard	Yes
Reactive Hazard	No

CERCLA

This material, as supplied, does not contain any substances regulated as hazardous substances under the Comprehensive Environmental Response Compensation and Liability Act (CERCLA) (40 CFR 302) or the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (SARA) (40 CFR 355). There may be specific reporting requirements at the local, regional, or state level pertaining to releases of this material.

Clean Air Act, Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) (see 40 CFR 61)

This product does not contain any substances regulated as hazardous air pollutants (HAPS) under Section 112 of the Clean Air Act Amendments of 1990.

CWA (Clean Water Act)

This product does not contain any substances regulated as pollutants pursuant to the Clean Water Act (40 CFR 122.21 and 40 CFR 122.42)

Risk and Process Safety Management Programs

This material, as supplied, does not contain any regulated substances with specified thresholds under 40 CFR Part 68. This product does not contain any substances regulated as Highly Hazardous Chemicals pursuant to the 29 CFR Part 1910.110.

US State Regulations

California Proposition 65

This product does not contain any Proposition 65 chemicals

U.S. State Right-to-Know Regulations

Chemical Name	New Jersey	Massachusetts	Pennsylvania
Argon 7440-37-1	X	X	X
Helium 7440-59-7	X	X	X
Nitrogen 7727-37-9	X	X	X
Oxygen 7782-44-7	X	X	X

**16. OTHER INFORMATION**

<u>NFPA</u>	Health hazards 0	Flammability 0	Instability 0	Physical and Chemical Properties Simple asphyxiant
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Note: Ratings were assigned in accordance with Compressed Gas Association (CGA) guidelines as published in CGA Pamphlet P-19-2009, CGA Recommended Hazard Ratings for Compressed Gases, 3rd Edition.

Issue Date	29-Apr-2015
Revision Date	29-Apr-2015
Revision Note	Initial Release

General Disclaimer

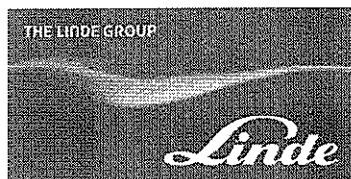
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End of Safety Data Sheet





# HYDROGEN (<=5.7%) in NITROGEN

## Safety Data Sheet

### 1. IDENTIFICATION

#### Product identifier

Product Name HYDROGEN (<=5.7%) in NITROGEN

#### Other means of identification

Safety data sheet number LIND-M0094  
 Product code(s) LE537  
 UN/ID no. UN1956  
 Trade name FORMIER 5

#### Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended Use Industrial and professional use.  
 Uses advised against Consumer use

#### Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Linde Gas North America LLC - Linde Merchant Production Inc. - Linde LLC  
 575 Mountain Ave.  
 Murray Hill, NJ 07974  
 Phone: 908-464-8100  
[www.lindeus.com](http://www.lindeus.com)

Linde Gas Puerto Rico, Inc.  
 Road 869, Km 1.8  
 Barrio Palmas, Catano, PR 00962  
 Phone: 787-641-7445  
[www.pr.lindegas.com](http://www.pr.lindegas.com)

Linde Canada Limited  
 5860 Chedworth Way  
 Mississauga, Ontario L5R 0A2  
 Phone: 905-501-1700  
[www.lindecana.com](http://www.lindecana.com)

\* May include subsidiaries or affiliate companies/divisions.

For additional product information contact your local customer service.

#### Emergency telephone number

Company Phone Number 800-232-4726 (Linde National Operations Center, US)  
 905-501-0802 (Canada)

CHEMTREC: 1-800-424-9300 (North America) +1-703-527-3887 (International)

**2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

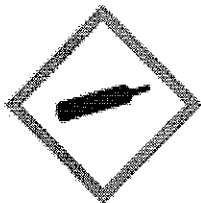
Classification

OSHA Regulatory Status

This chemical is considered hazardous by the 2012 OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

Gases under pressure	Compressed gas
Simple asphyxiants	Yes

Label elements



Signal word

Warning

Hazard Statements

Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated  
 May displace oxygen and cause rapid suffocation

Precautionary Statements - Prevention

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood  
 Use and store only outdoors or in a well ventilated place  
 Use a backflow preventive device in piping  
 Use only with equipment rated for cylinder pressure  
 Close valve after each use and when empty

Precautionary Statements - Response

IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Get medical attention/advice.

Precautionary Statements - Storage

Protect from sunlight when ambient temperature exceeds 52°C/125°F

Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC)

Not applicable

**3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

Chemical Name	CAS No.	Volume %	Chemical Formula
Nitrogen	7727-37-9	60 - 100	N <sub>2</sub>
Hydrogen	1333-74-0	<5.7	H <sub>2</sub>

Composition covers range of mixtures that fall within the same hazard classifications

**4. FIRST AID MEASURES**

Description of first aid measures

General advice	Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.
Inhalation	Remove to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. Get medical attention immediately.
Skin contact	None under normal use. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.
Eye contact	None under normal use. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.
Ingestion	Not an expected route of exposure.
Self-protection of the first aider	RESCUE PERSONNEL SHOULD BE EQUIPPED WITH SELF-CONTAINED BREATHING APPARATUS.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms	Simple asphyxiant. May cause suffocation by displacing the oxygen in the air. Exposure to oxygen-deficient atmosphere (<19.5%) may cause dizziness, drowsiness, nausea, vomiting, excess salivation, diminished mental alertness, loss of consciousness and death. Exposure to atmospheres containing 8-10% or less oxygen will bring about unconsciousness without warning and so quickly that the individuals cannot help or protect themselves. Lack of sufficient oxygen may cause serious injury or death.
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Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Note to physicians	Treat symptomatically.
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## 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media

Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.

Specific extinguishing methods

Continue to cool fire exposed cylinders until flames are extinguished. Damaged cylinders should be handled only by specialists.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Non-flammable gas. Cylinders may rupture under extreme heat.

Protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

## 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions	Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Monitor oxygen level. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus when entering area unless atmosphere is proved to be safe.
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Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions	Prevent spreading of vapors through sewers, ventilation systems and confined areas.
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Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for containment	Stop the flow of gas or remove cylinder to outdoor location if this can be done without risk. If leak is
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in container or container valve, contact the appropriate emergency telephone number in Section 1 or call your closest Linde location.

Methods for cleaning up Return cylinder to Linde or an authorized distributor.

**7. HANDLING AND STORAGE**

Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling

Protect cylinders from physical damage; do not drag, roll, slide or drop. When moving cylinders, even for short distance, use a cart designed to transport cylinders. Never attempt to lift a cylinder by its valve protection cap. Use an adjustable strap wrench to remove over-tight or rusted caps. Never insert an object (e.g. wrench, screwdriver, pry bar, etc.) into valve cap openings. Doing so may damage valve, causing leak to occur. If user experiences any difficulty operating cylinder valve discontinue use and contact supplier. Never attempt to refill a compressed gas cylinder without the owner's written consent. Never strike an arc on a compressed gas cylinder or make a cylinder a part of an electrical circuit. Close valve after each use and when empty.

Never put cylinders into trunks of cars or unventilated areas of passenger vehicles. Use a backflow preventive device in piping. Use only with adequate ventilation. Use only with equipment rated for cylinder pressure. Ensure the complete gas system has been checked for leaks before use.

Only experienced and properly instructed persons should handle gases under pressure. Always store and handle compressed gas cylinders in accordance with Compressed Gas Association, pamphlet CGA-P1, Safe Handling of Compressed Gases in Containers.

For additional recommendations consult Compressed Gas Association's (CGA) Safety Bulletin SB-2, Oxygen-Deficient Atmospheres.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage Conditions Store in cool, dry, well-ventilated area of non-combustible construction away from heavily trafficked areas and emergency exits. Keep at temperatures below 52°C / 125°F. Cylinders should be stored upright with valve protection cap in place and firmly secured to prevent falling. Full and empty cylinders should be segregated. Use a "first in-first out" inventory system to prevent full cylinders from being stored for excessive periods of time. Stored containers should be periodically checked for general condition and leakage.

Incompatible materials None known.

**8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION**

Control parameters

Exposure Guidelines This product, as supplied, does not contain any hazardous materials with occupational exposure limits established by the region specific regulatory bodies.

Appropriate engineering controls

Engineering Controls Local exhaust ventilation to prevent accumulation of high concentrations and maintain air-oxygen levels at or above 19.5%. Oxygen detectors should be used when asphyxiating gases may be released. Systems under pressure should be regularly checked for leakages.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles).

Skin and body protection Work gloves and safety shoes are recommended when handling cylinders.



Respiratory protection	Use positive pressure airline respirator with escape cylinder or self contained breathing apparatus for oxygen-deficient atmospheres (<19.5%).
General Hygiene Considerations	Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

## 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

### Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	Compressed gas
Appearance	Colorless.
Odor	Odorless.
Odor threshold	No information available
pH	No data available
Melting point	No data available
Evaporation rate	Not applicable
Flammability Limit in Air	
Lower flammability limit:	Not applicable
Upper flammability limit:	Not applicable
Flash point	Not applicable.
Autoignition temperature	No data available
Decomposition temperature	No data available
Partition coefficient	No data available
Kinematic viscosity	Not applicable

Chemical Name	Molecular weight	Boiling point	Vapor Pressure	Vapor density (air =1)	Gas Density kg/m <sup>3</sup> @20°C	Critical Temperature
Nitrogen	28.01	-196 °C	Above critical temperature	0.97	1.153	-146.9 °C
Hydrogen	1.00	-252.8 °C	Above critical temperature	0.07	0.083	-240 °C

## 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

### Reactivity

Not reactive under normal conditions

### Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

### Explosion data

Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact	None.
Sensitivity to Static Discharge	None.

### Possibility of Hazardous Reactions

None under normal processing.

### Conditions to avoid

None under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section 7).

### Incompatible materials

None known.

### Hazardous Decomposition Products

None known.

**11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation Product is a simple asphyxiant.  
 Skin contact No data available.  
 Eye contact No data available.  
 Ingestion Not an expected route of exposure.

Information on toxicological effects

Symptoms No information available.

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Irritation Not classified.  
 Sensitization Not classified.  
 Germ cell mutagenicity Not classified.  
 Carcinogenicity This product does not contain any carcinogens or potential carcinogens listed by OSHA, IARC or NTP.  
 Reproductive toxicity Not classified.  
 STOT - single exposure Not classified.  
 STOT - repeated exposure Not classified.  
 Chronic toxicity None known.  
 Aspiration hazard Not applicable.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Component Level Information:

Chemical Name	Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Inhalation LC50	Inhalation LC50 (CGA P-20)
Hydrogen 1333-74-0	-	-	> 15000 ppm (Rat) 1 h	-

Product Information

Oral LD50 No information available  
 Dermal LD50 No information available  
 Inhalation LC50 No information available

**12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

Ecotoxicity

No known acute aquatic toxicity.

Persistence and degradability

Not applicable.

Bioaccumulation

No information available.

**13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

Waste treatment methods

Disposal of wastes Do not attempt to dispose of residual waste or unused quantities. Return in the shipping container

PROPERLY LABELED WITH ANY VALVE OUTLET PLUGS OR CAPS SECURED AND VALVE PROTECTION CAP IN PLACE to Linde for proper disposal.

#### 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

##### DOT

UN/ID no.	UN1956
Proper shipping name	Compressed gas, n.o.s.
Hazard Class	2.2
Description	UN1956, Compressed gas, n.o.s.(Hydrogen, Nitrogen), 2.2
Emergency Response Guide Number	126

##### TDG

UN/ID no.	UN1956
Proper shipping name	Compressed gas, n.o.s.
Hazard Class	2.2
Description	UN1956, Compressed gas, n.o.s.(Hydrogen, Nitrogen), 2.2

##### MEX

UN/ID no.	UN1956
Proper shipping name	Compressed gas, n.o.s.
Hazard Class	2.2
Description	UN1956, Compressed gas, n.o.s.(Hydrogen, Nitrogen), 2.2

##### IATA

UN/ID no.	UN1956
Proper shipping name	Compressed gas, n.o.s.
Hazard Class	2.2
ERG Code	2L
Description	UN1956, Compressed gas, n.o.s.(Hydrogen, Nitrogen), 2.2

##### IMDG

UN/ID no.	UN1956
Proper shipping name	Compressed gas, n.o.s.
Hazard Class	2.2
EmS-No.	F-C, S-V
Special Provisions	274
Description	UN1956, Compressed gas, n.o.s. (Hydrogen, Nitrogen), 2.2

##### ADR

UN/ID no.	UN1956
Proper shipping name	Compressed gas, n.o.s.
Hazard Class	2.2
Classification code	1A
Tunnel restriction code	(E)
Special Provisions	274, 655
Description	UN1956, Compressed gas, n.o.s.(Hydrogen, Nitrogen), 2.2, (E)
Labels	2.2

#### 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

##### International Inventories

TSCA	Complies
DSL/NDL	Complies
EINECS/ELINCS	Complies

##### Legend:

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory  
 DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List  
 EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances/European List of Notified Chemical Substances

US Federal Regulations

SARA 313

Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA). This product does not contain any chemicals which are subject to the reporting requirements of the Act and Title 40 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 372.

SARA 311/312 Hazard Categories

Acute Health Hazard	No
Chronic Health Hazard	No
Fire Hazard	No
Sudden release of pressure hazard	Yes
Reactive Hazard	No

CERCLA

This material, as supplied, does not contain any substances regulated as hazardous substances under the Comprehensive Environmental Response Compensation and Liability Act (CERCLA) (40 CFR 302) or the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (SARA) (40 CFR 355). There may be specific reporting requirements at the local, regional, or state level pertaining to releases of this material.

Clean Air Act, Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) (see 40 CFR 61)

This product does not contain any substances regulated as hazardous air pollutants (HAPS) under Section 112 of the Clean Air Act Amendments of 1990.

CWA (Clean Water Act)

This product does not contain any substances regulated as pollutants pursuant to the Clean Water Act (40 CFR 122.21 and 40 CFR 122.42)

Risk and Process Safety Management Programs

This material, as supplied, contains one or more regulated substances with specified thresholds under 40 CFR Part 68 or regulated as a highly hazardous chemical pursuant to the 29 CFR Part 1910.110 with specified thresholds:

Chemical Name	U.S. - CAA (Clean Air Act) - Accidental Release Prevention - Toxic Substances	U.S. - CAA (Clean Air Act) - Accidental Release Prevention - Flammable Substances	U.S. - OSHA - Process Safety Management - Highly Hazardous Chemicals
Hydrogen		10000 lbs	

US State Regulations

California Proposition 65

This product does not contain any Proposition 65 chemicals

U.S. State Right-to-Know Regulations

Chemical Name	New Jersey	Massachusetts	Pennsylvania
Nitrogen 7727-37-9	X	X	X
Hydrogen 1333-74-0	X	X	X

International Regulations

**16. OTHER INFORMATION**NFPA

Health hazards 0

Flammability 0

Instability 0

Physical and Chemical  
Properties Simple  
asphyxiant

Note: Ratings were assigned in accordance with Compressed Gas Association (CGA) guidelines as published in CGA Pamphlet P-19-2009, CGA Recommended Hazard Ratings for Compressed Gases, 3rd Edition.

Issue Date 22-Apr-2015  
Revision Date 22-Apr-2015  
Revision Note Initial Release.

General Disclaimer

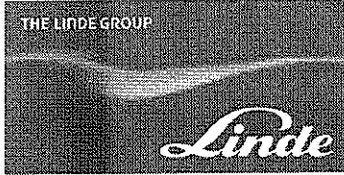
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End of Safety Data Sheet





# CARBON DIOXIDE (1%-10%), NITROGEN (10%-60%) In HELIUM

## Safety Data Sheet

### 1. IDENTIFICATION

Product identifier

Product Name CARBON DIOXIDE (1%-10%), NITROGEN (10%-60%) In HELIUM

Other means of identification

Safety data sheet number LIND-M0036  
 UN/ID no. UN1956  
 Trade name LASERMIX 302; LASERMIX 312; LASERMIX 320; LASERMIX 321; LASERMIX 322; LASERMIX 323; LASERMIX 324; LASERMIX 327; LASERMIX 331; LASERMIX 341

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended Use Industrial and professional use.  
 Uses advised against Consumer use

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Linde Gas North America LLC - Linde Merchant Production Inc. - Linde LLC  
 575 Mountain Ave.  
 Murray Hill, NJ 07974  
 Phone: 908-464-8100  
 www.lindeus.com

Linde Gas Puerto Rico, Inc.  
 Road 869, Km 1.8  
 Barrio Palmas, Catano, PR 00962  
 Phone: 787-641-7445  
 www.pr.lindegas.com

Linde Canada Limited  
 5860 Chedworth Way  
 Mississauga, Ontario L5R 0A2  
 Phone: 905-501-1700  
 www.lindecanada.com

\* May include subsidiaries or affiliate companies/divisions.

For additional product information contact your local customer service.

Emergency telephone number

Company Phone Number 800-232-4726 (Linde National Operations Center, US)  
 905-501-0802 (Canada)  
 CHEMTREC: 1-800-424-9300 (North America) +1-703-527-3887 (International)

## 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

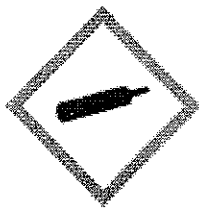
### Classification

#### OSHA Regulatory Status

This chemical is considered hazardous by the 2012 OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

Gases under pressure	Compressed gas
Simple asphyxiants	Yes

### Label elements



Signal word

Warning

#### Hazard Statements

Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated  
May displace oxygen and cause rapid suffocation  
May increase respiration and heart rate

#### Precautionary Statements - Prevention

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood  
Avoid breathing gas  
Use and store only outdoors or in a well ventilated place  
Use a backflow preventive device in piping  
Use only with equipment rated for cylinder pressure  
Close valve after each use and when empty

#### Precautionary Statements - Response

IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Get medical attention/advice.

#### Precautionary Statements - Storage

Protect from sunlight when ambient temperature exceeds 52°C/125°F

#### Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC)

Not applicable

## 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical Name	CAS No.	Volume %	Chemical Formula
Helium	7440-59-7	0-99	He
Nitrogen	7727-37-9	10-60	N <sub>2</sub>



Carbon dioxide	124-38-9	1-10	CO <sub>2</sub>
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Composition listed covers broad ranges rather than exact percentages for specific products.

#### 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

##### Description of first aid measures

General advice	Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.
Inhalation	Remove to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. Get medical attention immediately.
Skin contact	None under normal use. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.
Eye contact	None under normal use. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.
Ingestion	Get medical attention if symptoms occur. None under normal use.
Self-protection of the first aider	RESCUE PERSONNEL SHOULD BE EQUIPPED WITH SELF-CONTAINED BREATHING APPARATUS.

##### Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms	Simple asphyxiant. May cause suffocation by displacing the oxygen in the air. Exposure to oxygen-deficient atmosphere (<19.5%) may cause dizziness, drowsiness, nausea, vomiting, excess salivation, diminished mental alertness, loss of consciousness and death. Exposure to atmospheres containing 8-10% or less oxygen will bring about unconsciousness without warning and so quickly that the individuals cannot help or protect themselves. Lack of sufficient oxygen may cause serious injury or death. Depending on concentration and duration of exposure to carbon dioxide may cause increased respirations, headache, mild narcotic effects, increased blood pressure and pulse, and asphyxiation. Symptoms of overexposure become more apparent when atmospheric oxygen is decreased to 15-17%.
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##### Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Note to physicians	Treat symptomatically.
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#### 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

##### Suitable extinguishing media

Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.

##### Specific extinguishing methods

Continue to cool fire exposed cylinders until flames are extinguished. Damaged cylinders should be handled only by specialists.

##### Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Non-flammable gas. Cylinders may rupture under extreme heat.

##### Protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

#### 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

##### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Monitor oxygen level. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus when entering area unless atmosphere is proved to be safe.

Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions Prevent spreading of vapors through sewers, ventilation systems and confined areas.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for containment Stop the flow of gas or remove cylinder to outdoor location if this can be done without risk. If leak is in container or container valve, contact the appropriate emergency telephone number in Section 1 or call your closest Linde location.

Methods for cleaning up Return cylinder to Linde or an authorized distributor.

**7. HANDLING AND STORAGE**

Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling

Protect cylinders from physical damage; do not drag, roll, slide or drop. When moving cylinders, even for short distance, use a cart designed to transport cylinders. Never attempt to lift a cylinder by its valve protection cap. Never insert an object (e.g. wrench, screwdriver, pry bar, etc.) into valve cap openings. Doing so may damage valve, causing leak to occur. Use an adjustable strap wrench to remove over-tight or rusted caps. Use only with adequate ventilation. Use a backflow preventive device in piping. Use only with equipment rated for cylinder pressure. Close valve after each use and when empty. If user experiences any difficulty operating cylinder valve discontinue use and contact supplier. Ensure the complete gas system has been checked for leaks before use.

Never put cylinders into trunks of cars or unventilated areas of passenger vehicles. Never attempt to refill a compressed gas cylinder without the owner's written consent. Never strike an arc on a compressed gas cylinder or make a cylinder a part of an electrical circuit.

Only experienced and properly instructed persons should handle gases under pressure. Always store and handle compressed gas cylinders in accordance with Compressed Gas Association, pamphlet CGA-P1, Safe Handling of Compressed Gases in Containers.

For additional recommendations consult Compressed Gas Association's (CGA) Safety Bulletin SB-2, Oxygen-Deficient Atmospheres.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage Conditions Store in cool, dry, well-ventilated area of non-combustible construction away from heavily trafficked areas and emergency exits. Keep at temperatures below 52°C / 125°F. Cylinders should be stored upright with valve protection cap in place and firmly secured to prevent falling. Full and empty cylinders should be segregated. Use a "first in-first out" inventory system to prevent full cylinders from being stored for excessive periods of time. Stored containers should be periodically checked for general condition and leakage.

Incompatible materials Carbon dioxide is incompatible with: Certain reactive metals, hydrides, moist cesium monoxide, or lithium acetylene carbide diammino may ignite. Passing carbon dioxide over a mixture of sodium peroxide and aluminum or magnesium may explode.

**8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION**

Control parameters

Exposure Guidelines

Chemical Name	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL	NIOSH IDLH
Carbon dioxide 124-38-9	STEL = 30000 ppm TWA: 5000 ppm	TWA: 5000 ppm TWA: 9000 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (vacated) TWA: 10000 ppm (vacated) TWA: 18000 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (vacated) STEL: 30000 ppm (vacated) STEL: 54000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	IDLH: 40000 ppm TWA: 5000 ppm TWA: 9000 mg/m <sup>3</sup> STEL: 30000 ppm STEL: 54000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

ACGIH TLV: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists - Threshold Limit Value. OSHA PEL: Occupational Safety and Health Administration - Permissible Exposure Limits. NIOSH IDLH: Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health

Other Information Vacated limits revoked by the Court of Appeals decision in AFL-CIO v. OSHA, 965 F.2d 962 (11th Cir., 1992).

Appropriate engineering controls

Engineering Controls Local exhaust ventilation to prevent accumulation of high concentrations and maintain air-oxygen levels at or above 19.5%. Oxygen detectors should be used when asphyxiating gases may be released. Systems under pressure should be regularly checked for leakages.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles).

Skin and body protection Work gloves and safety shoes are recommended when handling cylinders.

Respiratory protection Use positive pressure airline respirator with escape cylinder or self contained breathing apparatus for oxygen-deficient atmospheres (<19.5%). If exposure limits are exceeded or irritation is experienced, NIOSH/MSHA approved respiratory protection should be worn. Positive-pressure supplied air respirators may be required for high airborne contaminant concentrations. Respiratory protection must be provided in accordance with current local regulations.

General Hygiene Considerations Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

**9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Product Information Product Level Information:

Physical state	Compressed gas
Appearance	Colorless.
Odor	Odorless.
Odor threshold	No information available
pH	No data available
Melting point	No data available
Evaporation rate	Not applicable
Flammability Limit in Air	
Lower flammability limit:	Not applicable
Upper flammability limit:	Not applicable
Flash point	Not applicable.
Autoignition temperature	No data available
Decomposition temperature	No data available
Partition coefficient	No data available
Kinematic viscosity	Not applicable

Chemical Name	Molecular weight	Boiling point	Vapor Pressure	Vapor density (air =1)	Gas Density kg/m <sup>3</sup> @20°C	Critical Temperature
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Helium	4.00	-268.9 °C	Above critical temperature	0.138	0.165	-267.9 °C
Nitrogen	28.01	-196 °C	Above critical temperature	0.97	1.153	-146.9 °C
Carbon dioxide	44.01	-78.5 °C (Sublimes)	838 psig (5778 kPa) @ 21.1°C	1.522	1.839	31.1 °C

## 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

### Reactivity

Not reactive under normal conditions

### Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

### Explosion data

Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact      None.  
Sensitivity to Static Discharge          None.

### Possibility of Hazardous Reactions

None under normal processing.

### Conditions to avoid

Due to the presence of Carbon dioxide, Carbonic acid is formed in the presence of moisture.

### Incompatible materials

Carbon dioxide is incompatible with: Certain reactive metals, hydrides, moist cesium monoxide, or lithium acetylene carbide diammino may ignite. Passing carbon dioxide over a mixture of sodium peroxide and aluminum or magnesium may explode.

### Hazardous Decomposition Products

None known.

## 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

### Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation	Acidosis, adrenal cortical exhaustion, and other metabolic stresses have resulted from prolonged continuous exposure to 1-2% carbon dioxide (10,000 ppm-20,000 ppm). The ACGIH TLV of 5,000 ppm is expected to provide a good margin of safety from asphyxiation and undue metabolic stress provided sufficient oxygen levels are maintained in the air. Increased physical activity, duration of exposure, and decreased oxygen content can affect systemic and respiratory effects resulting from exposure to carbon dioxide.
Skin contact	No data available.
Eye contact	No data available.
Ingestion	Not an expected route of exposure.

### Information on toxicological effects

Symptoms	Simple asphyxiant. May cause suffocation by displacing the oxygen in the air. Exposure to oxygen-deficient atmosphere (<=18%) may cause dizziness, drowsiness, nausea, vomiting, excess salivation, diminished mental alertness, loss of consciousness and death. Exposure to atmospheres containing 8-10% or less oxygen will bring about unconsciousness without warning and so quickly that the individuals cannot help or protect themselves. Lack of sufficient oxygen may cause serious injury or death. Depending on concentration and duration of exposure to carbon dioxide may cause
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increased respirations, headache, mild narcotic effects, increased blood pressure and pulse, and asphyxiation. Symptoms of overexposure become more apparent when atmospheric oxygen is decreased to 15-17%.

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Irritation	Not classified.
Sensitization	Not classified.
Germ cell mutagenicity	Not classified.
Carcinogenicity	This product does not contain any carcinogens or potential carcinogens listed by OSHA, IARC or NTP.
Reproductive toxicity	Not classified.
STOT - single exposure	Not classified.
STOT - repeated exposure	Not classified.
Chronic toxicity	Chronic harmful effects are not known from repeated inhalation of concentrations below PEL/TLV.
Target Organ Effects	Central vascular system (CVS), Respiratory system.
Aspiration hazard	Not applicable.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Chemical Name	Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Inhalation LC50	Inhalation LC50 (CGA P-20)
Carbon dioxide 124-38-9	-	-	470,000 ppm (Rat)	-

Product Information

Oral LD50	No information available
Dermal LD50	No information available
Inhalation LC50	No information available

**12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

Ecotoxicity

No known acute aquatic toxicity.

Persistence and degradability

Not applicable.

Bioaccumulation

No information available.

Global warming potential (GWP)

1 (Carbon Dioxide)

**13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

Waste treatment methods

Disposal of wastes

Do not attempt to dispose of residual waste or unused quantities. Return in the shipping container PROPERLY LABELED WITH ANY VALVE OUTLET PLUGS OR CAPS SECURED AND VALVE PROTECTION CAP IN PLACE to Linde for proper disposal.

**14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

Note: The technical names of components listed as part of shipping description will depend on specific mixture composition and/or balance gas.

DOT

UN/ID no.

UN1956

Proper shipping name Compressed gas, n.o.s.  
Hazard Class 2.2  
Description UN1956, Compressed gas, n.o.s.(XXXXX, XXXXX) 2.2  
Emergency Response Guide Number 126

TDG

UN/ID no. UN1956  
Proper shipping name Compressed gas, n.o.s.  
Hazard Class 2.2  
Description UN1956, Compressed gas, n.o.s., 2.2

MEX

UN/ID no. UN1956  
Proper shipping name Compressed gas, n.o.s.  
Hazard Class 2.2  
Description UN1956, Compressed gas, n.o.s.(XXXXX, XXXXX) 2.2

IATA

UN/ID no. UN1956  
Proper shipping name Compressed gas, n.o.s.  
Hazard Class 2.2  
ERG Code 2L  
Description UN1956, Compressed gas, n.o.s.(XXXXX, XXXXX) 2.2

IMDG

UN/ID no. UN1956  
Proper shipping name Compressed gas, n.o.s.  
Hazard Class 2.2  
EmS-No. F-C, S-V  
Special Provisions 274  
Description UN1956, Compressed gas, n.o.s. (XXXXX,XXXXX), 2.2

ADR

UN/ID no. UN1956  
Proper shipping name Compressed gas, n.o.s.  
Hazard Class 2.2  
Classification code 1A  
Tunnel restriction code (E)  
Special Provisions 274, 655  
Description UN1956, Compressed gas, n.o.s.(XXXXX,XXXXX) 2.2, (E)

**15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**

International Inventories

TSCA Complies  
DSL/NDSL Complies  
EINECS/ELINCS Complies

Legend:

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory  
DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List  
EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances/European List of Notified Chemical Substances

US Federal Regulations

SARA 313

Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA). This product does not contain any chemicals which are subject to the reporting requirements of the Act and Title 40 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 372.

SARA 311/312 Hazard Categories

Acute Health Hazard	Yes
Chronic Health Hazard	No
Fire Hazard	No
Sudden release of pressure hazard	Yes
Reactive Hazard	No

CERCLA

This material, as supplied, does not contain any substances regulated as hazardous substances under the Comprehensive Environmental Response Compensation and Liability Act (CERCLA) (40 CFR 302) or the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (SARA) (40 CFR 355). There may be specific reporting requirements at the local, regional, or state level pertaining to releases of this material.

Clean Air Act, Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPS) (see 40 CFR 61)

This product does not contain any substances regulated as hazardous air pollutants (HAPS) under Section 112 of the Clean Air Act Amendments of 1990.

CWA (Clean Water Act)

This product does not contain any substances regulated as pollutants pursuant to the Clean Water Act (40 CFR 122.21 and 40 CFR 122.42)

Risk and Process Safety Management Programs

This material, as supplied, does not contain any regulated substances with specified thresholds under 40 CFR Part 68. This product does not contain any substances regulated as Highly Hazardous Chemicals pursuant to the 29 CFR Part 1910.110.

US State Regulations

California Proposition 65

This product does not contain any Proposition 65 chemicals

U.S. State Right-to-Know Regulations

Chemical Name	New Jersey	Massachusetts	Pennsylvania
Helium 7440-59-7	X	X	X
Nitrogen 7727-37-9	X	X	X
Carbon dioxide 124-38-9	X	X	X

International Regulations

Chemical Name	Carcinogenicity	Exposure Limits
Carbon dioxide	-	Mexico: TWA= 5000 ppm Mexico: TWA= 9000 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Mexico: STEL= 15000 ppm Mexico: STEL= 27000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

**16. OTHER INFORMATION**

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<u>NFPA</u>	Health hazards 0	Flammability 0	Instability 0	Physical and Chemical Properties Simple asphyxiant
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Note: Ratings were assigned in accordance with Compressed Gas Association (CGA) guidelines as published in CGA Pamphlet P-19-2009, CGA Recommended Hazard Ratings for Compressed Gases, 3rd Edition.

Issue Date	08-Apr-2015
Revision Date	08-Apr-2015
Revision Note	Initial Release.

General Disclaimer

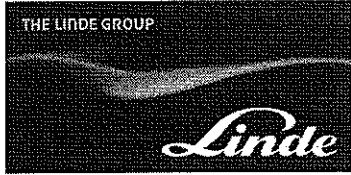
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End of Safety Data Sheet





# CARBON DIOXIDE (4-15% ), OXYGEN (2-4% ) in ARGON

## Safety Data Sheet

### 1. IDENTIFICATION

**Product identifier**

Product Name CARBON DIOXIDE (4-15% ), OXYGEN (2-4% ) in ARGON

**Other means of identification**

Safety data sheet number LIND-M0034  
 UN/ID no. UN1956  
 Trade name CORGON 7.502, CORGON 1202, ARGOSHIELD UNIVERSAL, ARGOSHIELD LIGHT

**Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use**

Recommended Use Industrial and professional use.  
 Uses advised against Consumer use

**Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet**

Linde Gas North America LLC - Linde Merchant Production Inc. - Linde LLC  
 575 Mountain Ave.  
 Murray Hill, NJ 07974  
 Phone: 908-464-8100  
[www.lindeus.com](http://www.lindeus.com)

Linde Gas Puerto Rico, Inc.  
 Road 869, Km 1.8  
 Barrio Palmas, Catano, PR 00962  
 Phone: 787-641-7445  
[www.pr.lindegas.com](http://www.pr.lindegas.com)

Linde Canada Limited  
 5860 Chedworth Way  
 Mississauga, Ontario L5R 0A2  
 Phone: 905-501-1700  
[www.lindecana.com](http://www.lindecana.com)

\* May include subsidiaries or affiliate companies/divisions.

For additional product information contact your local customer service.

**Emergency telephone number**

Company Phone Number 800-232-4726 (Linde National Operations Center, US)  
 905-501-0802 (Canada)  
 CHEMTREC: 1-800-424-9300 (North America) +1-703-527-3887 (International)

**2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

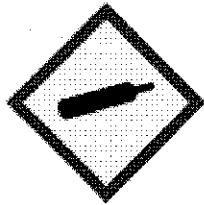
Classification

OSHA Regulatory Status

This chemical is considered hazardous by the 2012 OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

Gases under pressure	Compressed gas
Simple asphyxiants	Yes

Label elements



Signal word

Warning

Hazard Statements

Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated  
May displace oxygen and cause rapid suffocation

May increase respiration and heart rate

Precautionary Statements - Prevention

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood  
Avoid breathing gas  
Use and store only outdoors or in a well ventilated place  
Use a backflow preventive device in piping  
Use only with equipment rated for cylinder pressure  
Close valve after each use and when empty

Precautionary Statements - Response

IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Get medical attention/advice.

Precautionary Statements - Storage

Protect from sunlight when ambient temperature exceeds 52°C/125°F

Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC)

Not applicable

**3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

Chemical Name	CAS No.	Volume %	Chemical Formula
Argon	7440-37-1	80-95	Ar
Carbon dioxide	124-38-9	4-15	CO <sub>2</sub>

Oxygen	7782-44-7	1 - 5	O <sub>2</sub>
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Composition covers range of mixtures that fall within the same hazard classifications.

#### 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

##### Description of first aid measures

General advice	Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.
Inhalation	Remove to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. Get medical attention immediately.
Skin contact	None under normal use. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.
Eye contact	None under normal use. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.
Ingestion	Not an expected route of exposure.
Self-protection of the first aider	RESCUE PERSONNEL SHOULD BE EQUIPPED WITH SELF-CONTAINED BREATHING APPARATUS.

##### Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms	Simple asphyxiant. May cause suffocation by displacing the oxygen in the air. Exposure to oxygen-deficient atmosphere (<19.5%) may cause dizziness, drowsiness, nausea, vomiting, excess salivation, diminished mental alertness, loss of consciousness and death. Exposure to atmospheres containing 8-10% or less oxygen will bring about unconsciousness without warning and so quickly that the individuals cannot help or protect themselves. Lack of sufficient oxygen may cause serious injury or death. Depending on concentration and duration of exposure to carbon dioxide may cause increased respirations, headache, mild narcotic effects, increased blood pressure and pulse, and asphyxiation. Symptoms of overexposure become more apparent when atmospheric oxygen is decreased to 15-17%.
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##### Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Note to physicians	Treat symptomatically.
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#### 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

##### Suitable extinguishing media

Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.

##### Specific extinguishing methods

Continue to cool fire exposed cylinders until flames are extinguished. Damaged cylinders should be handled only by specialists.

##### Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Non-flammable gas. Cylinders may rupture under extreme heat.

##### Protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

#### 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

##### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions	Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.
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Monitor oxygen level. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus when entering area unless atmosphere is proved to be safe.

Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions Prevent spreading of vapors through sewers, ventilation systems and confined areas.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for containment Stop the flow of gas or remove cylinder to outdoor location if this can be done without risk. If leak is in container or container valve, contact the appropriate emergency telephone number in Section 1 or call your closest Linde location.

Methods for cleaning up Return cylinder to Linde or an authorized distributor.

**7. HANDLING AND STORAGE**

Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling

Protect cylinders from physical damage; do not drag, roll, slide or drop. Never attempt to lift a cylinder by its valve protection cap. When moving cylinders, even for short distance, use a cart designed to transport cylinders. Never insert an object (e.g. wrench, screwdriver, pry bar, etc.) into valve cap openings. Doing so may damage valve, causing leak to occur. Use an adjustable strap wrench to remove over-tight or rusted caps. If user experiences any difficulty operating cylinder valve discontinue use and contact supplier. Use only with adequate ventilation. Use only with equipment rated for cylinder pressure. Use a backflow preventive device in piping. Close valve after each use and when empty. Ensure the complete gas system has been checked for leaks before use.

Never put cylinders into trunks of cars or unventilated areas of passenger vehicles. Never attempt to refill a compressed gas cylinder without the owner's written consent. Never strike an arc on a compressed gas cylinder or make a cylinder a part of an electrical circuit.

Only experienced and properly instructed persons should handle gases under pressure. Always store and handle compressed gas cylinders in accordance with Compressed Gas Association, pamphlet CGA-P1, Safe Handling of Compressed Gases in Containers.

For additional recommendations consult Compressed Gas Association's (CGA) Safety Bulletin SB-2, Oxygen-Deficient Atmospheres.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage Conditions Store in cool, dry, well-ventilated area of non-combustible construction away from heavily trafficked areas and emergency exits. Cylinders should be stored upright with valve protection cap in place and firmly secured to prevent falling. Keep at temperatures below 52°C / 125°F. Full and empty cylinders should be segregated. Use a "first in-first out" inventory system to prevent full cylinders from being stored for excessive periods of time. Stored containers should be periodically checked for general condition and leakage.

Incompatible materials Carbon dioxide is incompatible with: Certain reactive metals, hydrides, moist cesium monoxide, or lithium acetylene carbide diammino may ignite. Passing carbon dioxide over a mixture of sodium peroxide and aluminum or magnesium may explode.

**8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION**

Control parameters

**Exposure Guidelines**

Chemical Name	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL	NIOSH IDLH
Carbon dioxide 124-38-9	STEL = 30000 ppm TWA: 5000 ppm	TWA: 5000 ppm TWA: 9000 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (vacated) TWA: 10000 ppm (vacated) TWA: 18000 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (vacated) STEL: 30000 ppm (vacated) STEL: 54000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	IDLH: 40000 ppm TWA: 5000 ppm TWA: 9000 mg/m <sup>3</sup> STEL: 30000 ppm STEL: 54000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

*ACGIH TLV: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists - Threshold Limit Value. OSHA PEL: Occupational Safety and Health Administration - Permissible Exposure Limits. NIOSH IDLH: Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health.*

**Other Information** Vacated limits revoked by the Court of Appeals decision in AFL-CIO v. OSHA, 965 F.2d 962 (11th Cir., 1992).

Appropriate engineering controls

**Engineering Controls** Local exhaust ventilation to prevent accumulation of high concentrations and maintain air-oxygen levels at or above 19.5%. Oxygen detectors should be used when asphyxiating gases may be released. Systems under pressure should be regularly checked for leakages.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

**Eye/face protection** Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles).

**Skin and body protection** Work gloves and safety shoes are recommended when handling cylinders.

**Respiratory protection** Use positive pressure airline respirator with escape cylinder or self contained breathing apparatus for oxygen-deficient atmospheres (<19.5%). If exposure limits are exceeded or irritation is experienced, NIOSH/MSHA approved respiratory protection should be worn. Positive-pressure supplied air respirators may be required for high airborne contaminant concentrations. Respiratory protection must be provided in accordance with current local regulations.

**General Hygiene Considerations** Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

**9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

<b>Product Level Information:</b>	
Physical state	Compressed gas
Appearance	Colorless.
Odor	Odorless.
Odor threshold	No information available
pH	No data available
Melting point	No data available
Evaporation rate	Not applicable
Lower flammability limit:	Not applicable
Upper flammability limit:	Not applicable
Flash point	Not applicable.
Autoignition temperature	No data available
Decomposition temperature	No data available
Partition coefficient	No data available
Kinematic viscosity	Not applicable

Chemical Name	Molecular weight	Boiling point	Vapor Pressure	Vapor density (air =1)	Gas Density kg/m <sup>3</sup> @20°C	Critical Temperature
Argon	39.95	-185.9 °C	Above critical temperature	1.38	1.65	-122.3 °C
Carbon dioxide	44.01	-78.5 °C	838 psig (5778)	1.522	1.839	31.1 °C

		(Sublimes)	kPa) @ 21.1°C			
Oxygen	31.99	-182.9 °C	Above critical temperature	1.11	1.331	-118.6 °C

**10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

Reactivity

Not reactive under normal conditions

Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

Explosion data

Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact None.  
Sensitivity to Static Discharge None.

Possibility of Hazardous Reactions

None under normal processing.

Conditions to avoid

Due to the presence of Carbon dioxide, Carbonic acid is formed in the presence of moisture.

Incompatible materials

Carbon dioxide is incompatible with: Certain reactive metals, hydrides, moist cesium monoxide, or lithium acetylene carbide diamino may ignite. Passing carbon dioxide over a mixture of sodium peroxide and aluminum or magnesium may explode.

Hazardous Decomposition Products

None known.

**11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

Information on likely routes of exposure

**Inhalation** Acidosis, adrenal cortical exhaustion, and other metabolic stresses have resulted from prolonged continuous exposure to 1-2% carbon dioxide (10,000 ppm-20,000 ppm). The ACGIH TLV of 5,000 ppm is expected to provide a good margin of safety from asphyxiation and undue metabolic stress provided sufficient oxygen levels are maintained in the air. Increased physical activity, duration of exposure, and decreased oxygen content can affect systemic and respiratory effects resulting from exposure to carbon dioxide. Product is a simple asphyxiant.

**Skin contact** No data available.

**Eye contact** No data available.

**Ingestion** Not an expected route of exposure.

Information on toxicological effects

**Symptoms** Simple asphyxiant. May cause suffocation by displacing the oxygen in the air. Exposure to oxygen-deficient atmosphere (<=18%) may cause dizziness, drowsiness, nausea, vomiting, excess salivation, diminished mental alertness, loss of consciousness and death. Exposure to atmospheres containing 8-10% or less oxygen will bring about unconsciousness without warning and so quickly that the individuals cannot help or protect themselves. Lack of sufficient oxygen may cause serious injury or death. Depending on concentration and duration of exposure to carbon dioxide may cause increased respirations, headache, mild narcotic effects, increased blood pressure and pulse, and asphyxiation. Symptoms of overexposure become more apparent when atmospheric oxygen is decreased to 15-17%.

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Irritation	Not classified.
Sensitization	Not classified.
Germ cell mutagenicity	Not classified.
Carcinogenicity	This product does not contain any carcinogens or potential carcinogens listed by OSHA, IARC or NTP.
Reproductive toxicity	Not classified.
Developmental Toxicity	Not classified.
STOT - single exposure	Not classified.
STOT - repeated exposure	Not classified.
Chronic toxicity	None known.
Target Organ Effects	Central Vascular System (CVS), Respiratory system.
Aspiration hazard	Not applicable.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Chemical Name	Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Inhalation LC50	Inhalation LC50 (CGA P-20)
Carbon dioxide 124-38-9	-	-	470,000 ppm (Rat)	-

Product Information

Oral LD50	No information available
Dermal LD50	No information available
Inhalation LC50	No information available

**12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

Ecotoxicity

No known acute aquatic toxicity.

Persistence and degradability

Not applicable.

Bioaccumulation

No information available.

Global warming potential (GWP)                      1 (Carbon Dioxide)

**13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

Waste treatment methods

Disposal of wastes    Do not attempt to dispose of residual waste or unused quantities. Return in the shipping container PROPERLY LABELED WITH ANY VALVE OUTLET PLUGS OR CAPS SECURED AND VALVE PROTECTION CAP IN PLACE to Linde for proper disposal.

**14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

DOT

UN/ID no.	UN1956
Proper shipping name	Compressed gas, n.o.s.
Hazard Class	2.2
Description	UN1956, Compressed gas, n.o.s. (Argon, Carbon Dioxide), 2.2
Emergency Response Guide Number	126

TDG

UN/ID no.	UN1956
Proper shipping name	Compressed gas, n.o.s.
Hazard Class	2.2
Description	UN1956, Compressed gas, n.o.s.(Argon, Carbon Dioxide), 2.2

MEX

UN/ID no.	UN1956
Proper shipping name	Compressed gas, n.o.s.
Hazard Class	2.2
Description	UN1956, Compressed gas, n.o.s. (Argon, Carbon dioxide), 2.2

IATA

UN/ID no.	UN1956
Proper shipping name	Compressed gas, n.o.s.
Hazard Class	2.2
ERG Code	2L
Description	UN1956, Compressed gas, n.o.s. (Argon, Carbon dioxide), 2.2

IMDG

UN/ID no.	UN1956
Proper shipping name	Compressed gas, n.o.s.
Hazard Class	2.2
EmS-No.	F-C, S-V
Special Provisions	274
Description	UN1956, Compressed gas, n.o.s. (Argon, Carbon dioxide), 2.2

ADR

UN/ID no.	UN1956
Proper shipping name	Compressed gas, n.o.s.
Hazard Class	2.2
Classification code	1A
Tunnel restriction code	(E)
Special Provisions	274, 655
Description	UN1956, Compressed gas, n.o.s. (Argon, Carbon dioxide), 2.2, (E)

**15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**

International Inventories

TSCA	Complies
DSL/NDSL	Complies
EINECS/ELINCS	Complies

Legend:

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory  
 DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List  
 EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances/European List of Notified Chemical Substances

US Federal Regulations

SARA 313

Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA). This product does not contain any chemicals which are subject to the reporting requirements of the Act and Title 40 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 372.

SARA 311/312 Hazard Categories

Acute Health Hazard	No
Chronic Health Hazard	No



Fire Hazard	No
Sudden release of pressure hazard	Yes
Reactive Hazard	No

**CERCLA**

This material, as supplied, does not contain any substances regulated as hazardous substances under the Comprehensive Environmental Response Compensation and Liability Act (CERCLA) (40 CFR 302) or the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (SARA) (40 CFR 355). There may be specific reporting requirements at the local, regional, or state level pertaining to releases of this material.

**Clean Air Act, Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) (see 40 CFR 61)**

This product does not contain any substances regulated as hazardous air pollutants (HAPS) under Section 112 of the Clean Air Act Amendments of 1990.

**CWA (Clean Water Act)**

This product does not contain any substances regulated as pollutants pursuant to the Clean Water Act (40 CFR 122.21 and 40 CFR 122.42)

**Risk and Process Safety Management Programs**

This material, as supplied, does not contain any regulated substances with specified thresholds under 40 CFR Part 68. This product does not contain any substances regulated as Highly Hazardous Chemicals pursuant to the 29 CFR Part 1910.110.

**US State Regulations**

**California Proposition 65**

This product does not contain any Proposition 65 chemicals

**U.S. State Right-to-Know Regulations**

Chemical Name	New Jersey	Massachusetts	Pennsylvania
Argon 7440-37-1	X	X	X
Carbon dioxide 124-38-9	X	X	X
Oxygen 7782-44-7	X	X	X

Chemical Name	Carcinogenicity	Exposure Limits
Carbon dioxide	-	Mexico: TWA= 5000 ppm Mexico: TWA= 9000 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Mexico: STEL= 15000 ppm Mexico: STEL= 27000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

**16. OTHER INFORMATION**

<b>NFPA</b>	Health hazards 0	Flammability 0	Instability 0	Physical and Chemical Properties Simple asphyxiant
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Note: Ratings were assigned in accordance with Compressed Gas Association (CGA) guidelines as published in CGA Pamphlet P-19-2009, CGA Recommended Hazard Ratings for Compressed Gases, 3rd Edition.

Issue Date	06-May-2015
Revision Date	06-May-2015

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Revision Note

Initial Release

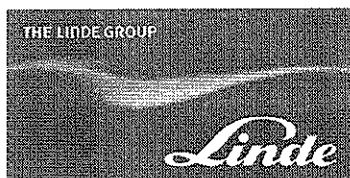
General Disclaimer

For terms and conditions, including limitation of liability, please refer to the purchase agreement in effect between Linde LLC, Linde Merchant Production, Inc. or Linde Gas North America LLC (or any of their affiliates and subsidiaries) and the purchaser.

DISCLAIMER OF EXPRESSED AND IMPLIED WARRANTIES

Although reasonable care has been taken in the preparation of this document, we extend no warranties and make no representations as to the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein, and assume no responsibility regarding the suitability of this information for the user's intended purposes or for the consequences of its use. Each individual should make a determination as to the suitability of the information for their particular purpose(s).

End of Safety Data Sheet



# CARBON DIOXIDE (<12%), HELIUM (10-90%) In ARGON

## Safety Data Sheet

### 1. IDENTIFICATION

#### Product identifier

Product Name CARBON DIOXIDE (<12%), HELIUM (10-90%) In ARGON

#### Other means of identification

Safety data sheet number LIND-M0035

UN/ID no. UN1956

Trade name ARGOSHIELD PRO; CORGON 10He30; CRONIGON 2He20; CRONIGON 2He38; CRONIGON 2.5He90; STANISHIELD LIGHT; STANISHIELD PRO; STANISHIELD UNIVERSAL

#### Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended Use Industrial and professional use.

Uses advised against Consumer use

#### Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Linde Gas North America LLC - Linde Merchant Production Inc. - Linde LLC

575 Mountain Ave.

Murray Hill, NJ 07974

Phone: 908-464-8100

www.lindeus.com

Linde Gas Puerto Rico, Inc.

Road 869, Km 1.8

Barrio Palmas, Catano, PR 00962

Phone: 787-641-7445

www.pr.lindegas.com

Linde Canada Limited

5860 Chedworth Way

Mississauga, Ontario L5R 0A2

Phone: 905-501-1700

www.lindecana.com

\* May include subsidiaries or affiliate companies/divisions.

For additional product information contact your local customer service.

#### Emergency telephone number

Company Phone Number 905-501-0802 (Canada) 800-232-4726 (Linde National Operations Center, US)

CHEMTREC: 1-800-424-9300 (North America) +1-703-527-3887 (International)

## 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

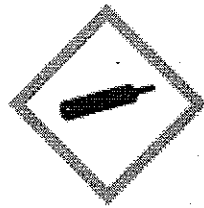
### Classification

#### OSHA Regulatory Status

This chemical is not considered hazardous by the 2012 OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

Gases under pressure	Compressed gas
Simple asphyxiants	Yes

### Label elements



Signal word

Warning

#### Hazard Statements

Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated  
May displace oxygen and cause rapid suffocation  
May increase respiration and heart rate

#### Precautionary Statements - Prevention

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood  
Avoid breathing gas  
Use and store only outdoors or in a well ventilated place  
Use a backflow preventive device in piping  
Use only with equipment rated for cylinder pressure  
Close valve after each use and when empty

#### Precautionary Statements - Response

IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Get medical attention/advice.

#### Precautionary Statements - Storage

Protect from sunlight when ambient temperature exceeds 52°C/125°F

#### Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC)

Not applicable

## 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical Name	CAS No.	Volume %	Chemical Formula
Argon	7440-37-1	5-90	Ar
Helium	7440-59-7	10-90	He

Carbon dioxide	124-38-9	1-12%	CO <sub>2</sub>
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Composition listed covers broad ranges rather than exact percentages for specific products.

**4. FIRST AID MEASURES**

Description of first aid measures

General advice	Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.
Inhalation	Remove to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. Get medical attention immediately.
Skin contact	None under normal use. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.
Eye contact	None under normal use. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.
Ingestion	Not an expected route of exposure.
Self-protection of the first aider	RESCUE PERSONNEL SHOULD BE EQUIPPED WITH SELF-CONTAINED BREATHING APPARATUS.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms	Simple asphyxiant. May cause suffocation by displacing the oxygen in the air. Exposure to oxygen-deficient atmosphere (<19.5%) may cause dizziness, drowsiness, nausea, vomiting, excess salivation, diminished mental alertness, loss of consciousness and death. Exposure to atmospheres containing 8-10% or less oxygen will bring about unconsciousness without warning and so quickly that the individuals cannot help or protect themselves. Lack of sufficient oxygen may cause serious injury or death. Depending on concentration and duration of exposure to carbon dioxide may cause increased respirations, headache, mild narcotic effects, increased blood pressure and pulse, and asphyxiation. Symptoms of overexposure become more apparent when atmospheric oxygen is decreased to 15-17%.
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Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Note to physicians	Treat symptomatically.
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**5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES**

Suitable extinguishing media

Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.

Specific extinguishing methods

Continue to cool fire exposed cylinders until flames are extinguished. Damaged cylinders should be handled only by specialists.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Non-flammable gas. Cylinders may rupture under extreme heat.

Protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

**6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions	Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.
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Monitor oxygen level. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus when entering area unless atmosphere is proved to be safe.

Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions Prevent spreading of vapors through sewers, ventilation systems and confined areas.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for containment Stop the flow of gas or remove cylinder to outdoor location if this can be done without risk. If leak is in container or container valve, contact the appropriate emergency telephone number in Section 1 or call your closest Linde location.

Methods for cleaning up Return cylinder to Linde or an authorized distributor.

**7. HANDLING AND STORAGE**

Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling

Protect cylinders from physical damage; do not drag, roll, slide or drop. When moving cylinders, even for short distance, use a cart designed to transport cylinders. Never attempt to lift a cylinder by its valve protection cap. Never insert an object (e.g. wrench, screwdriver, pry bar, etc.) into valve cap openings. Doing so may damage valve, causing leak to occur. Use an adjustable strap wrench to remove over-tight or rusted caps. Use only with adequate ventilation. Use a backflow preventive device in piping. Use only with equipment rated for cylinder pressure. Close valve after each use and when empty. If user experiences any difficulty operating cylinder valve discontinue use and contact supplier. Ensure the complete gas system has been checked for leaks before use.

Never put cylinders into trunks of cars or unventilated areas of passenger vehicles. Never attempt to refill a compressed gas cylinder without the owner's written consent. Never strike an arc on a compressed gas cylinder or make a cylinder a part of an electrical circuit.

Only experienced and properly instructed persons should handle gases under pressure. Always store and handle compressed gas cylinders in accordance with Compressed Gas Association, pamphlet CGA-P1, Safe Handling of Compressed Gases in Containers.

For additional recommendations consult Compressed Gas Association's (CGA) Safety Bulletin SB-2, Oxygen-Deficient Atmospheres.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage Conditions Store in cool, dry, well-ventilated area of non-combustible construction away from heavily trafficked areas and emergency exits. Keep at temperatures below 52°C / 125°F. Cylinders should be stored upright with valve protection cap in place and firmly secured to prevent falling. Use a "first in-first out" inventory system to prevent full cylinders from being stored for excessive periods of time. Full and empty cylinders should be segregated. Stored containers should be periodically checked for general condition and leakage.

Incompatible materials Carbon dioxide is incompatible with: Certain reactive metals, hydrides, moist cesium monoxide, or lithium acetylene carbide diammino may ignite. Passing carbon dioxide over a mixture of sodium peroxide and aluminum or magnesium may explode.

**8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION**

Control parameters

**Exposure Guidelines**

Chemical Name	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL	NIOSH IDLH
Carbon dioxide 124-38-9	STEL = 30000 ppm TWA: 5000 ppm	TWA: 5000 ppm TWA: 9000 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (vacated) TWA: 10000 ppm (vacated) TWA: 18000 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (vacated) STEL: 30000 ppm (vacated) STEL: 54000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	IDLH: 40000 ppm TWA: 5000 ppm TWA: 9000 mg/m <sup>3</sup> STEL: 30000 ppm STEL: 54000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

ACGIH TLV: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists - Threshold Limit Value. OSHA PEL: Occupational Safety and Health Administration - Permissible Exposure Limits. NIOSH IDLH: Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health

Other Information Vacated limits revoked by the Court of Appeals decision in AFL-CIO v. OSHA, 965 F.2d 962 (11th Cir., 1992).

Appropriate engineering controls

Engineering Controls Local exhaust ventilation to prevent accumulation of high concentrations and maintain air-oxygen levels at or above 19.5%. Oxygen detectors should be used when asphyxiating gases may be released. Systems under pressure should be regularly checked for leakages.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

- Eye/face protection Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles).
- Skin and body protection Work gloves and safety shoes are recommended when handling cylinders.
- Respiratory protection Use positive pressure airline respirator with escape cylinder or self contained breathing apparatus for oxygen-deficient atmospheres (<19.5%). If exposure limits are exceeded or irritation is experienced, NIOSH/MSHA approved respiratory protection should be worn. Positive-pressure supplied air respirators may be required for high airborne contaminant concentrations. Respiratory protection must be provided in accordance with current local regulations.
- General Hygiene Considerations Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

**9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Product Information	
Physical state	Compressed gas
Appearance	Colorless.
Odor	Odorless.
Odor threshold	No information available
pH	No data available
Melting point	No data available
Evaporation rate	Not applicable
Flammability Limit in Air	
Lower flammability limit:	Not applicable
Upper flammability limit:	Not applicable
Flash point	Not applicable.
Autoignition temperature	No data available
Decomposition temperature	No data available
Partition coefficient	No data available
Kinematic viscosity	Not applicable

Chemical Name	Molecular weight	Boiling point	Vapor Pressure	Vapor density (air =1)	Gas Density kg/m <sup>3</sup> @20°C	Critical Temperature
Argon	39.95	-185.9 °C	Above critical temperature	1.38	1.65	-122.3 °C

Helium	4.00	-268.9 °C	Above critical temperature	0.138	0.165	-267.9 °C
Carbon dioxide	44.01	-78.5 °C (Sublimes)	838 psig (5778 kPa) @ 21.1°C	1.522	1.839	31.1 °C

## 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity

Not reactive under normal conditions

Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

Explosion data

Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact      None.  
Sensitivity to Static Discharge          None.

Possibility of Hazardous Reactions

None under normal processing.

Conditions to avoid

Due to the presence of Carbon dioxide, Carbonic acid is formed in the presence of moisture.

Incompatible materials

Carbon dioxide is incompatible with: Certain reactive metals, hydrides, moist cesium monoxide, or lithium acetylene carbide diammino may ignite. Passing carbon dioxide over a mixture of sodium peroxide and aluminum or magnesium may explode.

Hazardous Decomposition Products

None known.

## 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation	Acidosis, adrenal cortical exhaustion, and other metabolic stresses have resulted from prolonged continuous exposure to 1-2% carbon dioxide (10,000 ppm-20,000 ppm). The ACGIH TLV of 5,000 ppm is expected to provide a good margin of safety from asphyxiation and undue metabolic stress provided sufficient oxygen levels are maintained in the air. Increased physical activity, duration of exposure, and decreased oxygen content can affect systemic and respiratory effects resulting from exposure to carbon dioxide. Product is a simple asphyxiant.
Skin contact	No data available.
Eye contact	No data available.
Ingestion	Not an expected route of exposure.

Information on toxicological effects

**Symptoms**  
Simple asphyxiant. May cause suffocation by displacing the oxygen in the air. Exposure to oxygen-deficient atmosphere (<=18%) may cause dizziness, drowsiness, nausea, vomiting, excess salivation, diminished mental alertness, loss of consciousness and death. Exposure to atmospheres containing 8-10% or less oxygen will bring about unconsciousness without warning and so quickly that the individuals cannot help or protect themselves. Lack of sufficient oxygen may cause serious injury or death. Depending on concentration and duration of exposure to carbon dioxide may cause increased respirations, headache, mild narcotic effects, increased blood pressure and pulse, and asphyxiation. Symptoms of overexposure become more apparent when atmospheric oxygen is



decreased to 15-17%.

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Irritation	Not classified.
Sensitization	Not classified.
Germ cell mutagenicity	Not classified.
Carcinogenicity	This product does not contain any carcinogens or potential carcinogens listed by OSHA, IARC or NTP.
Reproductive toxicity	Not classified.
STOT - single exposure	Not classified.
STOT - repeated exposure	Not classified.
Chronic toxicity	None known.
Target Organ Effects	Central vascular system (CVS), Respiratory system.
Aspiration hazard	Not applicable.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Chemical Name	Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Inhalation LC50	Inhalation LC50 (CGA P-20)
Carbon dioxide 124-38-9	-	-	470,000 ppm (Rat)	-

Product Information

Oral LD50	No information available
Dermal LD50	No information available
Inhalation LC50	No information available

**12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

Ecotoxicity

No known acute aquatic toxicity.

Persistence and degradability

Not applicable.

Bioaccumulation

No information available.

Global warming potential (GWP)

1 (Carbon Dioxide)

**13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

Waste treatment methods

Disposal of wastes	Do not attempt to dispose of residual waste or unused quantities. Return in the shipping container PROPERLY LABELED WITH ANY VALVE OUTLET PLUGS OR CAPS SECURED AND VALVE PROTECTION CAP IN PLACE to Linde for proper disposal.
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**14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

Note: The technical names of components listed as part of shipping description will depend on specific mixture composition and/or balance gas.

DOT

UN/ID no.	UN1956
Proper shipping name	Compressed gas, n.o.s.
Hazard Class	2.2

Description UN1956, Compressed gas, n.o.s.(XXXXX, XXXXX), 2.2  
Emergency Response Guide Number 126

**TDG**

UN/ID no. UN1956  
Proper shipping name Compressed gas, n.o.s.  
Hazard Class 2.2  
Description UN1956, Compressed gas, n.o.s., 2.2

**MEX**

UN/ID no. UN1956  
Proper shipping name Compressed gas, n.o.s.  
Hazard Class 2.2  
Description UN1956, Compressed gas, n.o.s.(XXXXX, XXXXX) 2.2

**IATA**

UN/ID no. UN1956  
Proper shipping name Compressed gas, n.o.s.  
Hazard Class 2.2  
ERG Code 2L  
Description UN1956, Compressed gas, n.o.s.(XXXXX, XXXXX) 2.2

**IMDG**

UN/ID no. UN1956  
Proper shipping name Compressed gas, n.o.s.  
Hazard Class 2.2  
EmS-No. F-C, S-V  
Special Provisions 274  
Description UN1956, Compressed gas, n.o.s. (XXXXX, XXXXX), 2.2

**ADR**

UN/ID no. UN1956  
Proper shipping name Compressed gas, n.o.s.  
Hazard Class 2.2  
Classification code 1A  
Tunnel restriction code (E)  
Special Provisions 274, 655  
Description UN1956, Compressed gas, n.o.s.(XXXXX, XXXXXX) 2.2, (E)

**15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**

International Inventories

TSCA Complies  
DSL/NDSL Complies  
EINECS/ELINCS Complies

Legend:

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory  
DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List  
EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances/European List of Notified Chemical Substances

US Federal Regulations

SARA 313

Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA). This product does not contain any chemicals which are subject to the reporting requirements of the Act and Title 40 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 372.

SARA 311/312 Hazard Categories

Acute Health Hazard	Yes
Chronic Health Hazard	No
Fire Hazard	No
Sudden release of pressure hazard	Yes
Reactive Hazard	No

CERCLA

This material, as supplied, does not contain any substances regulated as hazardous substances under the Comprehensive Environmental Response Compensation and Liability Act (CERCLA) (40 CFR 302) or the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (SARA) (40 CFR 355). There may be specific reporting requirements at the local, regional, or state level pertaining to releases of this material.

Clean Air Act, Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) (see 40 CFR 61)

This product does not contain any substances regulated as hazardous air pollutants (HAPS) under Section 112 of the Clean Air Act Amendments of 1990.

CWA (Clean Water Act)

This product does not contain any substances regulated as pollutants pursuant to the Clean Water Act (40 CFR 122.21 and 40 CFR 122.42)

Risk and Process Safety Management Programs

This material, as supplied, does not contain any regulated substances with specified thresholds under 40 CFR Part 68. This product does not contain any substances regulated as Highly Hazardous Chemicals pursuant to the 29 CFR Part 1910.110.

US State Regulations

California Proposition 65

This product does not contain any Proposition 65 chemicals

U.S. State Right-to-Know Regulations

Chemical Name	New Jersey	Massachusetts	Pennsylvania
Argon 7440-37-1	X	X	X
Helium 7440-59-7	X	X	X
Carbon dioxide 124-38-9	X	X	X

International Regulations

Chemical Name	Carcinogenicity	Exposure Limits
Carbon dioxide	-	Mexico: TWA= 5000 ppm Mexico: TWA= 9000 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Mexico: STEL= 15000 ppm Mexico: STEL= 27000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

**16. OTHER INFORMATION**

NFPA                      Health hazards 0                      Flammability 0                      Instability 0                      Physical and Chemical Properties Simple asphyxiant

Note: Ratings were assigned in accordance with Compressed Gas Association (CGA) guidelines as published in CGA Pamphlet P-19-2009, CGA Recommended

Hazard Ratings for Compressed Gases, 3rd Edition.

Issue Date 08-Apr-2015  
Revision Date 08-Apr-2015  
Revision Note Initial Release.

General Disclaimer

For terms and conditions, including limitation of liability, please refer to the purchase agreement in effect between Linde LLC, Linde Merchant Production, Inc. or Linde Gas North America LLC (or any of their affiliates and subsidiaries) and the purchaser.

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End of Safety Data Sheet